

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXVIII. No. 15

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1934

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

WHERE THEY SELL BETTER GROCERIES

LETTUCE—California head, fresh hard heads, 2 for 25c
CELERY—California, nicely bleached, crisp, lb. 15c
RHUBARB—Good as a spring tonic for your system - 10c
ONIONS—Alberta grown, dry sound stock, no waste 5 lbs. 25c
PRUNES—Large size, 40 to 50s, fresh meaty stock, 2 lb. cellophane pkg. 35c
PINEAPPLE MARMALADE—Mixed with apples, very smooth flavor, 4 lb. tin 65c
CHERRY JAM—Packed by "EMPRESS" its delicious, 4 lb. tin 65c
GRAPE FRUIT—From Texas, where they raise the juicy Grape Fruit, good size, each 10c
COFFEE—Don't forget that "KOZY KUP" is the biggest value, strength and flavor, lb. 40c

Halliday & Laut

Good Buys in Needed Hardware

Harrow Teeth, each 10c
Harrow Clips, each 10c
Hame Straps, each 15c
Rawhide Halters, best quality, each 1.10
Sewing hemp, ball 20c
Sewing Wax, ball 5c
DAIRY PAILS, 14 qt. Special, each 55c

We have real prices on two and three furrow plows,
See us before you buy.

Wm. Laut

A Better Service

In order to do good work you must have the necessary tools. We have one of the best equipped garages on this line and can give you a better service for less money.

GOODYEAR TIRES

The Better Tire at a Lower Price.

HEATED STORAGE

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LOOK AFTER YOUR HOG HOUSES
Improve them. Put them in good repair. Make the most of present advanced hog prices.

We stock the right types of material for hog houses. We can give the best advice as to their construction

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Famous for Good Food

It's The Cook

THE BEST COFFEE ON EARTH

CRASH KILLS CALGARY MAN

George H. Connolly western representative of Goodrich Rubber Company, Limited, who lost his life in an auto crash near Carstairs Friday, met death accidentally, according to the verdict of a coroner's jury at an inquest at Carstairs Monday afternoon. In the verdict the driver of the car, Gordon K. Dundas, was exonerated from all blame, and a rider appended to the verdict urged that warning signs or some other form of protection be installed at the corner where the fatality occurred.

Dr. D. W. Whillans, giving the findings of the autopsy, said death must have been almost instantaneous, following fracture of the skull. Mr. Dundas who was driving the car, said that as the machine approaching the curve Connolly, on sighting the bridge, grabbed the steering wheel, causing the car to swerve into the ditch. When he recovered consciousness, said Dundas, he found Connolly had been thrown from the car. The car had not turned over. Connolly appeared to be still alive, so he went for help.

Marks on the road, according to Constable Cameron, R.C.M.P., who investigated, showed the car had not been traveling faster than 30 or 35 miles per hour.

The late Mr. Connolly was a resident of Calgary, and is well known in Crossfield.

The Mixed Bonspiel

Colder weather over the weekend was what the curlers had hoped for and, the mixed bonspiel which was held uplast week owing to mild weather, was resumed on Monday night and finished up on Wednesday. Frank Mair's rink won the Grand Challenge and R. J. Hendry's quartette, the Consolation.

The results of the games and the personnel of the rink:

Grand Challenge

First Round

Overby 12, A. McMillan 4
Patchell 12, Reeves 6
Carmichael 10, A. Whillans 7
D. Cameron 19, G. McCaskill 8
T. Mair 9, Dr. Whillans 8
Goldie 10, L. Johnston 6
F. Purvis 13, N. Johnson 10
McClelland 9, Hendry 8

Second Round

Overby 12, Patchell 7
Cameron 9, Carmichael 8
F. Mair 13, Goldie 8
F. Purvis 9, McClelland 8

Semi-Finals

Overby 7, Cameron 6
F. Mair 13, Purvis 9

Final

Mair 12, Overby 8

Consolation

First Round
A. McMillan 9, Reeves 5
G. McCaskill 9, A. Whillans 4
Dr. Whillans 15, L. Johnston 10
Hendry 7, N. Johnson 6

Semi-Finals

G. McCaskill 15, A. McMillan 6
Hendry 10, Dr. Whillans 7

Final

Hendry 8, McCaskill 5

THE RINKS

Dr. McClelland, Mrs. Heywood, Chas. Fox, H. McIntyre.
L. Overby, Mrs. Carmichael, R. Smart, Mrs. Longmire.
F. Mair, Mrs. Tredaway, T. Mair, L. Becker.

D. W. Carmichael, Miss M. Methers, G. F. Purvis, S. Pogue.

H. J. Reeves, Mrs. McClelland, J. M. Whillans, P. H. Fleming.

A. Whillans, Mrs. A. Stevens, G. Y. McLean, Mrs. M. Pike.

F. Purvis, Mrs. Harrison, G. A. Williams, Mrs. Cruickshank.

Dr. Whillans, Mrs. L. Nichol, H. McCaskill, Jas. Dickson.

R. J. Hendry, Mrs. Williams, Ed. Meyers, W. J. Scott.

Geo. McCaskill, Mrs. C. Fox, C. H. McMillan, Ed. Fox.

T. Goldie, Mrs. Bishaw, W. Stralo, V. S. Reid.

N. Johnston, Mrs. McMillan, F. Baker, F. Ruddy.

D. Cameron, Mrs. Miller, W. Pogue, Chas. Alfred.

F. Patchell, Mrs. Amery, J. P. Methers, Miss M. Mutch.

A. McMillan, Mrs. Methers, C. Becker, Ed. Clark.

P. J. Johnstone, Dr. Cameron, J. L. McRory, Evan Gordon.

Spares—Miss Kathleen Mair, Len Pulan, Ray Gilchrist.

Chautauqua Gleams

Another week and more interviews by your Chronicle reporter, but the first is a prominent business man.

F. Baker. A native of Merrie England and claims descent from William the Conqueror. A. D. 1066. Is an accomplished musician, and when quite a small boy played on the "Lindens." Interested in automobiles, and says that the ladies claim all married men are like "Fords" you can tell them both by their clutch. See him second evening in the "Heart Cry."

M. Methers. A prominent young business lady who works on the higher things of life. Quite a Foremost personality. Claims hair may be a woman's crowning glory, but like other monarchs she is waxing her rights. Plays in "A Lady to See You" first evening.

A. Stevens. A past president of the "Native Sons and Daughters."

Who loves to hear the cheddar cheese. Sing quartettes and warble also.

Was to have sung at the School Fair Concert, but, yesterday, he accidentally swallowed a packet of baking powder, and has risen so high, he won't be down in time for next week, but he will be on parade first evening in "A Lady to See You."

S. Gordon. A native of the Golden West where men are men, and women have great wide open faces. Calls her little dog "Tales of Hoffman" because he doesn't "offend." No Stella, the bride "Path Across the Hill" is not the "road to the aisles." Appears first evening in "A Lady to See You."

P. Fleming. Hails from the East, where the wise men come from. Runs the C. P. R. trains in the west and keeps them on time. His thought for you, is that the only difference he sees between a gum chewing flapper and a cud chewing cow, is the thoughtful expression on the face of the cow. See him second evening, in "The Heart Cry."

F. Cruickshank. Came to Crossfield from Norway through not her choice. Has traveled extensively, once making the journey from Crossfield to Aldridge. Took a prize for singing once, but had to put it back cause she got caught. Hear her in "A Lady to See You" first evening sing, "Home Sweet Home" and you'll agree with me, she sings it like no one else on earth.

Next week I hope to give you the latest and hottest copy on some of the committees connected with the Chautauqua, as well as the artists appearing on the programmes, so now sit thirty for this week friends. See you anon.

FAAS ELHARD

Mr. Rudolph Faas and Miss Emily Elhard were quietly married at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. David Elhard on Friday last, March 2nd.

Goodland Wins from Bohelke

Crossfield was well represented at Carstairs Thursday last at the boxing match when Sailor Goodland, of Sandre, middleweight won from Lefty Bohelke, Endiang, Alberta, mythical heavyweight champion of Alberta, in the fourth round of a scheduled 10-round bout.

The fight was promoted by Archie Boyce, and was a treat for the capacity crowd of fight fans.

The Douglas System

The following excerpt from the Farm and Ranch Review:

Major Douglas would apparently place the responsibility of granting credit on the government, which would loan money to the citizens for long periods and without interest. Elsewhere the author has little use for "government in business" "One wonders why he should have implicit confidence in the ability of a political body to dispense "bigger and better" credit to the voter. Just consider a general election fought on the issue of a generous credit policy and the bids political parties would make for popular favour! It does not sound practical, except in the "ideal community" where everyone is honest, industrious and unselfish and under such conditions we would be happy under any system.

Attending Grand Lodge

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fox are in Edmonton at present. Mrs. Fox to attend the Grand Assembly of the Rebekah division of the I. O. O. F. Mr. Fox will attend the Grand Lodge sessions.

Farmers!

Get Your Spring Supplies at
Calgary Prices

Sweat Pads, Deer Hair, each - 70c
Sweat Pads, Tapatco, each - 53c
Horse Collars, heavy duck, blue and white face, each \$2.50
Horse Collars, heavy duck with leather welt and wear pieces, each \$2.15
Horse Collars, leather, each \$3.65
Hame Straps, rivited 2 for 35c
Halter Shanks, 1-2 in. manila rope and rope snap, each 15c

Crossfield District Co-Operative
Association U. F. A. Limited.

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Texaco Gas. Texaco and Velvet Oils
Bring Us Your Radio and Car Batteries for Charging

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Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield Phone 54 Alberta.

ALWAYS READY

We wish to notify the public that we are always ready to serve you with the best quality meats at the most reasonable prices.

Fresh and Smoked Fish Cooked Meats
Fresh Sausage.

The Home Meat Market

Chas. Mielond Crossfield

WE SELL

MIDLAND COAL

THE BEST—THEREFORE THE CHEAPEST.

Midland & Pacific Grain Corporation Ltd.
Phone--55 or 8 D. W. CARMICHAEL, Manager.

Crossfield Transfer AND STORAGE

Daily Service Crossfield and Calgary.

INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

M. PATMORE Phone 62 Crossfield

Calgary Phone—M 1826

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND

"FRESH FROM THE GARDENS"

A Toll Equal To War

Once a year for several years past with the approach of Spring which heralds, among other important happenings, the return of tens of thousands of motor cars and trucks to the highways of the country, attention has been directed in this column to the responsibility which rests upon the drivers of these cars and trucks to exercise due caution in their operation. Once again the attention of all motorists is drawn to this vitally important matter.

With the invention of the motor car, a new machine of great utility, as well as a source of pleasure, was provided. It is a machine of great power, and with the passing of the years the power of the individual car or truck has steadily increased. In so far as the machine itself is concerned, and keeping pace with its increased power and speed, there has been constant improvement in its strength and in the provision of manifold safety devices. The modern car is, therefore, less liable to accident than its predecessor of fifteen, ten, even five years ago.

Further, with the enormous increase in the number of cars and trucks in use, there has been a great improvement in highway construction and maintenance, calculated to decrease accidents. On the other hand, these better highways have made possible driving at greater speeds than were possible upon the old roads of bygone years and have encouraged the purchase of many more cars, both of which factors have resulted in greater density of traffic, and traffic moving much more rapidly.

Thus, to a greater degree than ever before, the human factor—the man or the woman at the wheel—becomes the controller in the matter of accidents. Unfortunately, far too many drivers fail to appreciate the enormous power of the machine they are operating—a power for destruction just as truly as a power for transportation. It is a power within the control of almost countless thousands of individuals which, if properly controlled, may mean death and injury not only to the careless and reckless motorist, but to others who are exercising every possible care and driving with the utmost caution and consideration for others.

"What was that?" was the pointed question asked in the British House of Commons recently, during a debate on a motion dealing with the serious increase in the number of road accidents, when the Home Secretary submitted figures of "killed and injured" in road accidents in Great Britain in the eight years 1926-33. The figures were: Killed, 50,837; injured, 3,421,083. Furthermore, the detailed figures revealed an increase in the toll taken in each succeeding year.

Such was the record in a country noted for its good roads, for the excellence of the workmanship upon its cars, and for general observance of laws and regulations. It is a record which establishes how necessary it is that the motorist should exercise the greatest care at all times and under all circumstances in the operation of his or her car.

At this time, owing to prevailing economic conditions, many people are operating cars which, under other and better conditions which prevailed a few years ago, they should have replaced with new cars. They are still using well worn tires which in other years they would have replaced with new and stronger tires. Because of the necessity of keeping expenditures for repairs down to a minimum, many cars have not been overhauled as in former years; brakes may not be in full working order; lamps may be defective; springs and bolts and other accessories may be worn thin, right to the breaking point. Such cars, operated at an undue speed, may easily spell disaster not only for the driver and passengers, but for other motorists or pedestrians. All persons whose cars are not in absolutely first class condition are under the grave responsibility of driving with unusual care and observing every precaution. In fact, they owe a duty to themselves and to all other people not to operate their cars if they are in a condition dangerous to operate.

But whether a car is in first class shape or not, the oft-repeated and emphasized duty which devolves upon all motorists remains. That duty is to know and to observe the accepted regulations governing traffic upon the highways and to obey the laws enacted for the protection of all and in the common interest of all. Even if laws and regulations did not establish a code of conduct for both motorists and pedestrians, there is the courtesy of the road which should be maintained and observed. Men should conduct themselves as gentlemen and women should behave as ladies. Courtesy should prevail over selfishness.

Instead of the present appalling record of accidents; instead of that record mounting higher year after year, a change for the better—a lower record—can and ought to be established in 1934. It lies in the power of the individual motorist to bring about such a desirable result, and the motorist, more than any other person, will benefit therefrom.

An Unusual Pet

Full-Grown Deer Follows Ontario Man Like Dog

John A. Campbell, of Kincardine, Ontario, boasts a novel pet that tags along behind his car at 30 miles an hour as lightly as its shadow. His pet is a full-grown deer. The history of the deer's attachment to the farmer dates back to blackberry season, 1932. Mr. Campbell found her near his house, apparently abandoned. She willingly went home with him. Now that she is full grown she waits for him outside his door like a sentinel. When he comes out she follows him about. And when he goes for a drive in his car she loopes along beside him.

What we can't understand is why a daring flyer gets more credit than those who fly the same route to look for him.

People Want New Models

Dealers Report Auto Sales Have Doubled in Vancouver

Automobile sales in Vancouver since the beginning of 1934 are double those for the same period last year. It is officially announced, and all indications point to 1934 being the most prosperous year in the automobile business since 1929.

Motor dealers report that the public demand for new models is making delivery difficult. And it is expected that it will be impossible to fill many buying orders except on a "delayed delivery" basis.

The Arctic Prairies

The Arctic Prairies or Northern Plains are much more appropriate names than the term "Barren Grounds" wrongly applied to the vegetation-covered tracts of Northern Canada.

Health For Young Girls
Happiness For Tired Women

Thousands of women become tired out and run down, become thin and pale, and profound weakness makes life a burden.

The whole outlook of life is changed when the nervous, sick headaches, the sleeplessness, the spells of dizziness, of weakness and discouragement, and the tired, languid feelings disappear with the use of Milburn's H. & N. Pills. They tone up the nerves, enrich the blood, and bring the health back to normal again.



Rich Ornaments Found

By Harvard Scientists

Piles of Gold Discovered in Burial Grounds in Panama

Gold rivaling that of the Peruvian Incas has been excavated by Peabody Museum archaeologists from the burial grounds of a hitherto unknown Central American people. The gold is in the form of rich, often ponderous ornaments. It was buried by a people new among ancient American cultures. They were distinguished especially by a strong belief in a hereafter.

All the archaeological finds came from a flat, 10-acre field on the banks of the Rio Grande de Cocle, in the province of Cocle, Panama.

SHE LOST WEIGHT
EACH WEEK

The Ideal Way To Reduce

A woman writes to tell how she is reducing excess fat—and her way seems to be the ideal way.

"I am 49 years old, 5 ft. 5½ in. in height, and was 190 lbs. when I started taking a level teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts every morning. I went slowly down in weight—some weeks 2 lbs., others just 1 lb., until I got down to 154 lbs. I have never felt better in my life than I do now, and I feel so much lighter and feel years younger."—(Mrs.) W. I.

The action of Kruschen Salts, taken regularly every morning, is to effect a natural clearance of undigested food substances and watery waste matter. It is that waste matter which is stored up in the form of ugly fat, and it is not regularly expelled.

FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now at once. We will send you a free trial special "GIANT" packages which make it easy for you to give them to yourself. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 7½ lb. tin.

This consists of our regular 7½ lb. bottles together with a separate trial bottle—sufficient for about one week. Open the trial bottle first, put it to use, and then, not more than once a day, take the regular tin as still as good as new. Send it back. Your druggist is authorized to return your tin, immediately and without cost. You have tried Kruschen free, at our expense.

Send to: Kruschen, Ltd., Manchester, Eng. (Canada) Branch, 100, Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Unclaimed Bank Deposit

State of Michigan Holds \$22,062 Until Called For

If Charles Hehner will get in touch with the Michigan Public Administrator he can collect \$22,062.48, representing the principal and compound interest on \$10,000 he deposited in the Detroit Savings Bank in November, 1905—and never called for.

Under the laws of escheat the money has become the property of the State. It was learned by Hehner himself still could claim it. Hehner, 36 years old when he deposited the money, was a Michigan commission agent.

When Painting Was Crime

Considered Sign Of Worldliness In Early New England

Paint, now recognized as a protection and a beautifier, was once considered a sign of worldliness and vanity in early New England. In 1630, a clergyman of Charlestown, Mass., was hailed before the city council, charged with the serious crime of painting the interior of his house. During the next forty years there was not a painter in all New England.

OFF COLOUR?
HOW IS YOUR LIVER?

Wake up your Liver Bill—Without Calomel

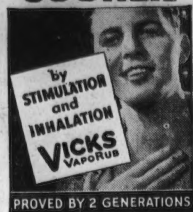
Your liver is a very small organ, but it is certainly one of the most important. It is the daily two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels. You must completely correct such a condition by taking pills, oil, mineral water, laxative and other things, or you will have a very bad time of it. You need a liver stimulant.

Men Reced Quickly

Women motorists at the flash of a red traffic light, require about 25 per cent. more time than men to jam on the brakes, according to tests conducted here by engineers of Massachusetts Institute of Technology with the "delay timer," a device which they have developed. Whereas the average woman did not react until 87-100 of a second had elapsed, the average man applied his brakes seven-tenths of a second after seeing the red light.

Torpedoes with room for one man who can direct the weapon's course and who will give up his life when the target is struck, have been invented in Japan.

Japan now claims to lead the world in the export of cotton goods.

Ends a Cold
SOONER

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

ALADDIN CHOCOLATE CAKE

1½ cups sifted cake flour
1½ teaspoons double action baking powder
½ teaspoon salt
1 cup sugar
5 tablespoons softened butter or other shortening
2 eggs, well beaten
½ cup milk
1½ teaspoon vanilla
2 squares unsweetened chocolate, melted.

Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder, salt, and sugar, and stir together three times. Add butter, combine eggs, milk, and vanilla; and add to flour mixture, stirring until all flour is dampened. Add chocolate and blend; then beat vigorously 1 minute. Bake in greased pan, 8x8x2 inches, in moderate oven (325 degrees F.) 1 hour. Frost with your favorite frosting.

SHRIMP OMELET

(Serves Six)

6 eggs
6 tablespoons hot water
1 teaspoon baking powder
1 can shrimp
4 tablespoons lemon juice
4½ teaspoon paprika.
Separate eggs, beat whites until stiff and yolks until creamy. Add hot water and baking powder to yolks. Fold in whites. Pour into a heated omelet pan which has been greased with melted butter, and cook slowly. When done crease through the centre and cover half with the shrimp which have been drained, minced and seasoned with the lemon juice and paprika. Fold top half over lower half and serve immediately.

Polygot Machine Invented

Will Read And Translate Any Language Is Claim

Invention of a polygot machine which can read and translate any language was claimed in Guayaquil, Ecuador, by Dr. Octavio Cordero, who said that his first machine, of portable size and carrying nine languages of 2,000 words each, was constructed of pasteboard, tin, wood, springs and rubber. Dr. Crespo Toral declared the invention was the most important since the discovery of America, and enthusiastic friends of the inventor planned to offer shares in a company to exploit the machine.

Made Many Rescue Flights

During the last five years between 300 and 400 rescue flights have been undertaken by the ambulance planes of the Red Cross Air Ambulance Service of Sweden, many used in the most dangerous and difficult circumstances in a temperature of 40 degrees centigrade below zero, in the face of blizzards, in darkness and fogs with adventurous descents in unknown places.

China's Unclaimed Dead

A total of 17,538 unclaimed bodies were found in the streets, creeks, and on the waterfront of Shanghai during 1933, according to the annual report of the Dong Jen Fu-An Tong Benevolent Society. This society, entirely financed by Chinese, dedicates itself to burying the city's unclaimed dead and to provide coffins for poor families as well as giving free medical service to paupers.

PILE SUFFERS

HAPPY RELIEF

Scientific remedy for many of the most common ailments of the rectum and anal area, including hemorrhoids, itching, burning, and bleeding.

Order by number from your dealer, No. 2.

"MECCA" PILE REMEDIES

Agricultural Notes

Many Items Of Interest To The Western Farmer

Canada and 25 other countries of the world produce beet sugar. About 90 per cent. of the United States imports of wool pass through the ports of Boston, Philadelphia, and New York.

In Nova Scotia the home market will not absorb more than 10 per cent. of the commercial crop of apples, therefore about 90 per cent. of the crop is exported.

Hollyhocks are classed by botanists as biennial but they frequently live for several years. They need themselves freely, so that it is quite easy to keep them in the garden border.

Among the swarms of locusts that invaded Rhodesia, British South Africa, and the various districts of Angola, Portuguese West Africa, the passage of one flight at Ganda lasted eight hours.

Red spiders thrive on plants under house conditions and are hard to overcome. Good results have been obtained by dusting the plants carefully, particularly the underside of the leaves, with flowers of sulphur.

Canadian grown barley, oats, wheat, and corn are excellent feeds for beef cattle. In feeding trials conducted both in Canada and in the United States, barley has been shown to be practically the equal of corn in the beef ration.

Canadian customs duty, sales, and special excise taxes have been remitted from February 1 to April 7 this year on imported Passover bread, or Matzo, and other matzo products, such as whole wheat, whole meal, egg, and cracker matzos.

The wool production of the world (excluding Russia) in 1933 is provisionally estimated at 3,410,000,000 lbs. (heavy basis), a decrease of 180,000,000 pounds in comparison with 1932. This is the first appreciable decrease for ten years.

Prairie-mallow is one of the most useful summer flowers in the beautification of Canadian homes, and should be more generally grown. The leaves are rich and dark green, while from the upright stems the flowers grow all along the stalk. They are easily raised from seed.

In the world trade in rice the monsoon countries of Asia-Burma, French Indo-China, and Siam play an overwhelmingly predominant part. Korea, Formosa, Annam, Cochinchina, Japan, Syria, Lebanon and Egypt are also large exporters. The United States, Bulgaria, Italy and Spain are the western exporters.

Aphids, or plant lice, of different species are to be found attacking almost every vegetable or field crop in Canada. They are sucking insects and as such are not amenable to control by the use of a stomach poison, such as arsenate of lead. Nicotine is used against aphids most commonly used against insects. It can be used either as a spray or dust.

The first settlement of white men in Australia took place in 1788 some 300 years later than the beginnings of white settlement in North America. That was at Sydney, New South Wales, and it was not until about 1825 that first settlements were made in Adelaide and Melbourne. The latter city celebrates its first centenary as a municipality this year, while Canada is to celebrate the 40th anniversary of the landing of Jacques Cartier.

A Strict Censorship

No amount of "cutting" will let a film pass a German censor under a new law now in effect—once the film has been placed on the blacklist. The law, which virtually authorized the Propaganda Ministry to veto or censor a film before it is made, provides that foreign films which in their original version seem derogatory to German interests may not be shown in Germany.

Fast Trip By Plane

Robert Lorraine, British actor, who is appearing on the stage in New York, made a fast trip to Montreal by aeroplane, obtained a permanent visa into the United States from the American Consulate there and returned to Broadway without missing a performance. His temporary visa had run out and the journey had to be made to avoid deportation.

"The movies have accomplished one good thing, anyhow."

"What is that?"

"More and more people are learning to pronounce film in one syllable."

Ten thousand new telephone subscribers have been added in Shanghai, China, in the last two years.

His Master's



Choice

That happy look on his Master's face! Sure thing, there's a reason for it. Rover knows what's back of it! It's the tobacco he uses for "rolling his own"—fragrant, easy-rolling Ogden's Fine Cut.

Ogden's roll a better cigarette—richer, cooler and smoother. Rolls it easier too—particularly when it means using "Chanticleer" or "Vogue" Cigarette Papers. Yes, sir, there's a mighty good reason for his Master's Choice and a real reason for that smile of contentment. Ogden's Fine Cut and the right paper—that combination is the wise smoker's choice.

SAVE THE POKER HANDS

OGDEN'S FINE CUT

P.S.—At any Poker Hand Premium Store or by mail—you can get 3 large booklets of "Vogue" or "Chanticleer" cigarette papers in exchange for one complete set of Poker Hands.

Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Pipe

Nothing Accomplished

Just thirty years ago Japan declared war on Russia. Now they are knocking the chips off each other's shoulders again, and should they come to blows there will be a like outcome. Yet of what avail will it be if one overcomes the other, except it bring joy and gold to the munition factories of other countries.

The man who knows it all never tires of trying to put others wise.

"Blue" Spells

Reduce some women to the petulant shadow of their own smiling selves. Others take the Vegetable Compound when they feel the "blues" coming on. It steadies quivering nerves... helps to tone up the general health... gives them more pep... more charm.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

End POT-SCOURING Improve FOOD FLAVOR!



COOKERY PARCHMENT

brings better, easier, cheaper cooking. Condensed odors. Holds full flavors of meats, fish and vegetables. Inexpensive. Each sheet can be used over and over. All dealers, or write direct to

Appelhof & PAPER PRODUCTS
HALFON, ONTARIO

PATENTS

A List of "Wanted Inventors" and Full Information sent Free On Request
The RAMSAY Co. Dept. 275 N. 1ST ST. OTTAWA, CAN.

W. N. U. 2036

Canada Becoming An Important Radium Producer, With Steady Output From Great Bear Lake

Scarcely four years after the initial discovery of radium are at Great Bear Lake, Northwest Territories, Canada has become an important producer of radium, with one mining company maintaining a steady production from its refinery at Port Hope, Ontario, output from which already amounts to a few thousand milligrams. This company, which operates the Labine Point deposits at Great Bear Lake, is confident of its ability to continue to deliver a steady output of radium. The initial output has already been disposed of, the province of Ontario purchasing several hundred milligrams for use in its various cancer clinics. As production increases, radium will become available to all the needs of the Dominion and of other British countries. In addition to radium, the company produces important quantities of uranium compounds, which enjoy an active demand from manufacturers of glass and porcelain, with the bulk of the present output going to the British Isles.

Contrary to a somewhat prevalent belief, the Canadian government is in no way connected with the commercial production of radium, the work of the Federal Department of Mines in devising the method now used by Eldorado as a basis for the treatment of the ores, and in mapping the area, being in the nature of services rendered to the mineral industry. Neither is any control exercised by the government as to the price of the radium. For a time, at least, radium production will be on a moderate scale and it is not expected that operations will result in any immediate large addition to the existing world supply of the element.

The Agricultural Situation

Report Just Prepared Deals With Many Facts Of Interest To The Farmer

In order to direct the attention of farmers and others to the valuable information available in various government departments, ten committees, composed of officials of the Departments of Agriculture and Trade and Commerce, have been at work for several weeks bringing together statistics and other information covering the entire agricultural situation. The completed report, which may be obtained from the Publications branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, deals with supply and demand, competition and prices, movements to market and marketing, storage holdings and farm products, production trends and in short every subject of importance, domestic and foreign.

Increase Is Alarming

Deaths From Organic Heart Disease Are Becoming More Frequent

In view of the alarming increase in deaths in Ontario from organic heart disease—in 1932 there were 6,679 such deaths recorded, as compared with 5,787 in 1931, a jump of 78 per cent in ten years—Hon. Dr. J. M. Robb, minister of health, sounded what he termed "a solemn note of warning" to all young-old men and women of 60 and upwards, to "act their age."

"Above all," said he, "they should see that they have regular hours of rest, and that they submit themselves to periodical medical examinations which, after all, is not only their best safeguard, but an essential duty which they owe to themselves, their families and their dependents."

A Helpful Suggestion

Letters addressed to newspapers sometimes get to the wrong department. An instance in point is that of the lady who wrote the household editor, asking "How do I get green paint off my hands?"

Unfortunately, her inquiry was sent to the advertising department. It, however, brought an immediate reply: "Why not use large space for a few days, and offer it at a great reduction in price?"

Esquimo Life

Before the rifle came into the hands of the Eskimo, the seal and walrus were hunted from the kayaks (canoes) or on the ice with harpoon and spear, while the caribou were shot from ambush with bow and arrow. Hence the scarcity of game.

Toronto's relief costs in 1934 if it estimated will reach \$2,350,000.

W. N. U. 2036

Plants In The Home

Homes Usually Too Hot For Plants In The Winter Months

Our homes, according to the Horticultural division, Dominion department of agriculture, are much too warm and dry for most plants, especially during the winter months. High temperatures combined with too little sunshine produce weak, spindly growth, and under such conditions flowering plants often drop their buds. As the home can be modified only to a very slight extent, plants must be chosen that can adjust themselves to such environment. Many failures to grow plants successfully are due to faulty drainage, careless watering, and insect injury. After potting, the plant should receive a liberal watering, and then no water given until needed. Blooming plants require more water than the slower growing ones such as palms. With a little experience one can tell when plants really need watering. The appearance of the plant, of course, is a good indication of its requirements. A method commonly followed is to tap the pot with the knuckles. If it has plenty of water, the sound is dull; if it is dry, the pot will ring. Occasional syringing is beneficial, especially for ferns and other foliage plants.



By Ruth Rogers



A SMART LITTLE TAILORED FROCK IN NECKTIE SILK FOR WEAR IN TOWN

If you want a conservative dress that is especially smart for school, college, office or general day wear, here's your pattern.

Necktie silk in soft brown tones made the original. The shirtwaist collar finished with an orange crepe silk tie.

Similar schemes in crepe silk in navy with powder blue tie, black with bisque or bright green, bright copper red with red and white print tie, etc., would be smart.

Lightweight wools also make up most attractively in this model. Choose ribbed or striped cottons, linen and tub silk for resort wear.

Style No. 550 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches bust.

Size 16 requires 4 yards of 35-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

ITALIANS ON THE AUSTRIAN BORDER



Believed to be a result of the trouble in Austria, Italian troops concentration on the Austrian border indicates that Italy is prepared to take a hand should intervention in Austria become necessary. Here are two views of Italian troops manoeuvring in the Alps near the Austrian frontier.

Canada's Trade With Brazil Has Improved

Wheat, Apples And Rubber Exported To South Last Year

Canada improved her export trade to Brazil in 1933 by more than \$760,000, according to a statement from the Department of Trade and Commerce.

Canadian wheat re-entered the Brazilian market in 1933 after an absence of two years. In 1932 Canada shipped 500,000 bushels to that country, but did not export any more until 1930, when 205,333 bushels were sent. In 1933 Canada exported 279,070 bushels, valued at \$176,713.

Canadian apples were introduced into Brazil last year with shipments totalling 1,970 barrels, valued at \$9,805.

Rubber tire casings to the extent of 77,956 were shipped to Brazil last year, as compared with 36,076 the preceding year, and 29,759 inner tubes as compared with 19,850 in 1932.

Postpones Visit To Canada

Lord Baden-Powell Not Coming Until April 1935

The visit of Lord and Lady Baden Powell to Canada this fall has been postponed till April, 1935, it was announced by John A. Stiles, chief executive commissioner of the Boy Scouts' Association for Canada.

The announcement stated that they would attend a scout jamboree in Australia in December, in connection with the commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of Melbourne, and will come home by way of Vancouver. They will visit various centres throughout Canada on their way back to England.

Greater London now claims a population of 8,202,818.

In the old home town arthritis is still rheumatism and painful.

Searching For Rare Bird

Scientists Taking Long Journey To Find Zoological Specimen

With the aim of capturing Australia's rarest bird, the night parrot, eight scientists recently set out from Melbourne, Australia, on one of the longest journeys ever made in search of a zoological specimen, reports an official of the Canadian National Steamships, whose vessels ply between Canada, Australia and New Zealand. This bird flies by night and hides by day, and the scientists expect to travel 6,000 miles before they secure a specimen. The night parrot was first found by white men 80 years ago. One of the members of the expedition has been admitted a member of a native tribe whose bushcraft in tracking animals and birds is almost uncanny.

Relics Of Other Times

Fur Robes First Worn In English Law Courts For Warmth

The judge's ermine and the mayor's full collar are relics of the times when the temperatures of law courts and banqueting halls in England made them not an ornament but a necessity. Even at coronations it was hopeless to try to warm the Abbey, so the King and his august subjects were warned instead, and modern sovereigns have cause to remember how chilly their ancestors felt when they in turn stifle under the same heavy fur robes. So cold were the homes of England that those who could afford it even slept in fur, and an old account book mentions the purchase of seventeen skins to make a nightgown for Queen Elizabeth.

Our Nearest Fixed Star

Our nearest fixed star, Alpha Centauri is about 25,000,000,000 miles away. Now any of you people who harbor any ideas about going places in rockets think again.



MATHEMATICALLY-MINDED CONVICT (sympathetically): "I've just calculated you've ten thousand eight hundred and seventy-two more meals to fetch me. Makes you feel faint, doesn't it?" —The Humorist, London.

Separate Grading Of Garnet Wheat Is Sought By Vancouver Grain Exporters' Association

Ideal For Young Cattle

Combination Of Oats And Barley Good Start For Grain Food

In the feeding and management of beef cattle, particularly in times of low beef prices, one of the main objectives is to make the maximum use of inexpensive homegrown feeds and pastures.

Canadian grown barley, oats, wheat and corn are excellent feeds for beef cattle. Barley is probably the most important of these grains. It is widely grown in Canada, is an excellent fattening feed and produces beef of a high quality with fat of a nice white color. In feeding trials conducted both in Canada and the United States, barley has been shown to be practically the equal of corn in the beef ration.

Oats have a tendency to produce growth rather than to fatten beef rapidly. This is due to the fact that they are higher in fibre, bulkier, and richer in protein than barley or corn. A combination of oats and barley is ideal for young cattle or for steers just starting on grain feed. At first the per centage of the grain can be about equal, but as the steers approach a finish the proportion of barley should be raised.

Wheat is best when fed in a mixture. In fact, a mixture of the grains, if available, is best at all times. Although wheat is usually too high in price to be economical, its feeding value is as high as barley or corn, and it can be fed up to thirty-five per cent of the grain ration.

Although corn is produced only to a limited extent in Canada, it is a good beef cattle feed and when available should be included in the ration. Many feeding experiments have indicated that a variety of grains and roughages produce the best results. The grain mixture should be supplemented with protein feeds such as linseed oilmeal, ground fish seed, etc., when the quality of hay is inferior.

Good pastures alone will carry all classes of beef cattle, except those being given a high degree of finish for market. It is advisable in finishing beef on pasture to feed some grain if the cattle are of sufficiently good quality to warrant the extra cost. Experiments have shown that cattle finished on grass with grain as compared to those finished on grass alone have a distinctly higher dressing per centage and yield better finished, more attractive carcasses which command the highest price. Fewer cattle more highly finished by the use of Canadian coarse grains will go a long way to solving the question of higher prices and greater returns—Division of Animal Husbandry, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

Want Road Allowances Closed

Saskatchewan Stock Growers Wait On Premier To Present Their Case

Saskatchewan stock growers and ranchers are seeking concessions from the provincial government to allow for the closing of certain road allowances in the range countries along the United States border.

They are also asking that the government levy a flat rate of taxation for school purposes. Where roads are to be closed, they are asking the government for some form of satisfactory crossing for road traffic.

A delegation representing the Saskatchewan Livestock Growers' Association waited on Premier Anderson to place the requests of the association before him. R. Gilchrist, head of the growers' association, and W. Kerr, Maple Creek, head of the Sheep Growers' Association, were spokesmen.

Carried Out Instructions

An ambitious lady, about to entertain a Duchess for the first time, gave very careful instructions to the maid who was to open the door about the fashion in which the great lady was to be received.

"Now, Mary," she said, "remember whenever you address the Duchess you must say 'Your Grace'."

When the great day arrived and the maid opened the door to the Duchess and the latter inquired if Mrs. — was at home, the maid answered: "Yes, ma'am she is, and may the Lord make us truly thankful for what we are about to receive."

"When water becomes ice," said the professor, "what is the greatest change that takes place?" "The price, sir."

Amendments to the Canada Grain act to provide for separate grading of Garnet wheat are sought at Ottawa by the Vancouver Grain Exporters' Association on the grounds that overseas millers report unsatisfactory milling results when Garnet wheat is mixed with Marquis.

The action was requested in a letter to Hon. H. H. Stevens, minister of trade and commerce. The association pointed out that Vancouver is particularly concerned because most of Canada's Garnet wheat is grown in Alberta and shipped through Vancouver.

The letter cited the spread at Vancouver of 5½ cents to six cents between No. 1 Northern, which is not permitted to contain Garnet, and No. 2 Northern, which contains Garnet. It compared this spread with that of only three cents at Fort William, where Marquis wheat predominates.

"The overseas miller makes the very natural request that he be given the opportunity of buying Garnet wheat separately in order that he may blend such types of wheat as may suit his particular requirements," the letter continues. "He further points out that a statutory western Canada grade of wheat should be exactly the same whether the shipment be received from Montreal or Vancouver."

The exporters expressed the belief pure Garnet wheat would command on its own merits a better price than the mixed shipments of Marquis and Garnet now going abroad. As No. 2 Northern is Canada's most used and best-known grade, they declare, its lack of uniformity of quality is a matter of national importance.

Another Sea Serpent

Freighter Hams Sea Animal In Gulf Of Mexico

A sea serpent, perhaps the twin of the monster reported from Victoria, B.C., was listed as having been rammed by a freighter in the Gulf of Mexico.

Captain L. Baker of the Clyde Mallory freighter Pecos, reported to the owners of the vessel "an unusual occurrence."

"When the ship lost headway, we saw that instead of wreckage, it was some sea animal and we had apparently struck it amidships and it had been around the stem and stayed there. From what we could see the thing appeared to be 30 or 40 feet long and that part that showed out of the water was five or six feet broad and dark, being a grayish brown spotted color.

"It was a dark night and with flashlights we did not get a good view of the thing as I should like to have done. We tried to observe more but as the ship reversed, the thing fell into the sea."

The Mauretania, returning recently from a cruise, bore a notation in its log to the effect that a sea serpent had been sighted in the Caribbean on January 30. The monster was described as 63 feet long and 8½ feet broad.

Situation Was Reversed

Figures Covering Tourist Cars Last Year Are Interesting

During the past calendar year 2,235,418 tourist automobiles entered Canada for a period of 24 hours; 863,136 for a period not exceeding 60 days, and 333 for a period exceeding 98 days according to a statement issued by the Department of National Revenue. This showed a considerable falling-off as compared with 1932 when the total for a 24-hour period was 3,070,390, for under 60 days 1,032,267 and for over 60 days 420.

While the tourist traffic into Canada was falling off, Canadians were travelling by motor car in other countries more extensively than the year before. The total Canadian automobiles exported for touring purposes last year was 417,132, in 1932, the total was 376,857.

Ontario headed the list of Canadian cars touring outside of Canada with a total of 164,786, but was closely followed by British Columbia with 125,266.

Reasons Unknown

Man: "Why do you weep over the sorrows of people in whom you have no interest when you go to the theatre?"

Woman: "I don't know. Why do you cheer wildly when a man with whom you are not acquainted hides to second base?"

EDWARDSBURG

CROWN BRAND
CORN SYRUP

pure, wholesome,
and economical table
Syrup. Children love
its delicious flavor.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Responsibility for keeping peace in the Far East was placed squarely up to Japan by the Soviet newspaper Izvestia.

Total registered and paid for radio licenses in the United Kingdom now exceeds 6,000,000, or about 1,000,000 increase during the past 14 months.

A total of 256 persons were killed and 2,087 injured in railway accidents for the year ended December 31 last, according to a return tabled in the house of commons.

To Juan de la Clerva, inventor of the autogiro, has been awarded the International Federation of Aeronauts trophy for the most outstanding aeronautical achievement in 1933.

Plans for a Soviet palace 1,361 feet high, surmounted by a 262-foot statue of Nikolai Lenin, have been given official approval. The Empire State Building in New York is 1,248 feet high.

John Raphael Rogers, whose inventions were combined with those of Ottmar Mergenthaler to make the Mergenthaler Linotype machine, is dead in New York at the age of 77. He had patented more than 500 devices on typesetting machines.

W. J. Walsh, who resigned as Newfoundland's minister of agriculture and mines, was freed of criminal charges that followed an investigation into the disappearance of part of the government's vast collection of world stamps.

A service of passenger aeroplanes linking with the great railway services covering the United Kingdom and Ireland will come into early operation, promoted jointly by an air company and the four chief railway groups.

Leo Labelle, acting postmaster for Regina, has received official confirmation from Ottawa of his appointment as postmaster. The appointment comes after nearly 28 years of service in the Regina post office, and he has been acting postmaster since the superannuation of John Nicol, on Nov. 1, 1932.

Mexico exported 5,600,000 bunches of bananas in 1933.

Beecham's
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LIVER &
STOMACH
TROUBLESDENICOTEA
CIGARETTE HOLDER

DENICOTEA Cigarette Holder absorbs the nicotine, pyridine, ammonia and resinous and tarry substances found in tobacco smoke.

Complete holder with refill—only \$1.00 postpaid, or from your Druggist or Tobaccoist. Dealers wanted everywhere.

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Canadian Distributors,
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W. N. U. 2036

Little Journeys In Science

HYDROGEN

(By Gordon H. Guest, M.A.)

Lightest of all gases, hydrogen was for many years used to fill the giant zeppelins, forerunners of the great airships which are rapidly becoming part of our modern travel system. Because it is highly inflammable, hydrogen is now being replaced by helium for purposes of safety.

Hydrogen is produced commercially by the electrolysis of water. An electric current is passed through water, which is thus decomposed into its constituent parts, hydrogen and oxygen. It is also obtained by passing steam over hot iron. The iron robs the water of oxygen, forming iron oxide, and leaves the hydrogen to escape as a gas.

Bubbling hydrogen through many naturally occurring oils, such as cotton-seed oil, fish oils and animal fats produces a marked change in these substances. Colored and evil-smelling substances are destroyed and the oils and fats themselves are changed into more desirable solid fats. Fats made from vegetable oils are now produced in large quantities in this way and are widely used in cooking. This change in fats and oils is known as "hydrogenation" and this is the chief industrial use of the gas. Large abattoirs and packing-houses have hydrogenation plants for converting the waste animal fats into valuable solid fats. The hydrogenation of low grade oils, such as fish oil, produces solid fats used in the manufacture of soap and candles.

Another important modern use of hydrogen is in the manufacture of ammonia, which can be converted into nitric acid. Nitric acid is used in the production of high explosives. In Europe synthetic petroleum is made by heating hydrogen with powdered coal under pressure. At present production in this industry is on a very small scale.

Many Sailors Offer Services

Japan Is Recruiting Men For "Corps Of Death"

Recruiting begins shortly in Japan for a "Corps of Death." If ever Japan goes to war with another naval power, not one of this corps will escape alive.

The Japanese Admiralty has recently perfected a new type of torpedo. It is fitted with a steering gear and room for a steersman.

The torpedo will be launched from a warship with the steersman already inside, and he will guide the missile towards the enemy ship.

If his hand is steady he cannot miss his mark. It means certain destruction for the ship, and for him also. No steersman could possibly escape alive when the torpedo exploded.

There will be little difficulty in recruiting for the Corps. Japanese men, with typical Oriental fatalism, think that to die for his country is a man's greatest achievement. Already many sailors have offered themselves.

They will go to a certain death and will make war more terrible than ever.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MARCH 11

PARABLES OF THE KINGDOM

Golden Text: "Of the increase of his government and of peace there shall be no end." Isaiah 9:7.
Lesson: Matthew 13:1-52.
Devotional Reading: Proverbs 3:13-24.

Explanations and Comments

The Application of the Parables to the Disciples, verses 51, 52. Very readily the disciples answered "Yea" to Jesus' question whether they had understood his parables. "How Jesus must have smiled, inwardly if not outwardly, at their simplicity," some one comments. "They had learned the alphabet and were trying to pronounce words of one syllable in the language of the Kingdom. But the deeper meaning and richer content of that life abundant and eternal to which he would introduce them lay ahead as an undiscovered country."

"Therefore," since you have understood, as you say, you will have no difficulty in understanding this that "every scribe who hath been made a disciple to the Kingdom of Heaven is like unto a man that is a householder, who bringeth forth out of his treasure things new and old." "The Kingdom of Heaven is here personified. It is viewed as the teacher, and, just as young men who desire to be scholars resorted to the Serbal College, the House of the Midrash, and sat at the feet of the rabbis, so the Christian scribe must go to school to the Kingdom of Heaven and receive its instruction. And this means that he must sit at Jesus' feet. Compare Luke 10:39. Jesus is the Teacher. Thus a scribe who hath been made a disciple to the Kingdom of Heaven signifies a religious teacher who has sat at Jesus' feet, learned his method, and caught his spirit" (David Smith). Jewish rabbis taught only things old, the Law and the Prophets; Christian scribes were to add to this the new teachings which they learned from their Master.

Destruction Of Game

Wolves In Northern British Columbia Cause Depredations

Trappers of the Cassiar district in northern British Columbia have reported serious destruction of big game and other animals by wolves roaming in large numbers through the wild country. They reported the lowest season's fur catch on record and place the blame on the extensive game destruction by wolves.

Partially eaten carcasses of moose and caribou have been discovered in many sections, and few calves have been seen.

The trappers say removal of the government bounty on wolves several years ago is responsible for the rapid increase in the number of wolves. A petition will be submitted to the British Columbia government asking the bounties be renewed.

Chinese Serve Free Tea

Dr. Wu Lien-Tah, health adviser to the Chinese railways, says he thinks that free tea should be provided for passengers on long-distance journeys. Special drinking fountains are to be provided on many Chinese trains, the fountains supplying hot China tea in every compartment.

YOUTHFUL TRAVELLERS



Introducing Anna and Tekla, little Lithuanian ladies, unable to speak English and travelling all the way from Kovno to Western Canada. Tekla, the diminutive damsel with the doll is just three and a half years old, and her friend just turned five. Both came over aboard the Canadian Pacific liner Montclair in charge of steamship officials—Anna goes to join daddy at Nipawin, and Tekla continues on with daddy to her folks at Edmonton, Alta.



If you want a handy plug—get

BIG BEN
THE PERFECT PLUG
Chewing TobaccoMarvels of the Human Eye
By F. M. CROWE, Optometrist-Optician, Calgary

NO. 12—CONSERVATION OF THE EYESIGHT

A world of beauty, emotion and ideal floods the brain through the eye. Sight is the medium by which the beauty of the human face and form and of all external life, is presented to us; by which the various expressions of passion and thought, of hope, joy and pain are discriminated and by which we take hold of a large portion of the pleasures, sorrows and possibilities of our very existence.

Under normal conditions we use about one half of our total nerve energy in the function of vision—hundreds of times as much as is required for hearing.

To all of us the value of sight is pre-minent. It is the most cherished of the five senses. It is the most used and, thoughtlessly and through ignorance, the most abused.

A greater appreciation of sight is not necessary but a greater appreciation of the importance of eye-care is needed.

A large majority of the human race have eye defects, most of which are remedial. A lack of knowledge of the actual condition of each eye as regards the visual acuity and muscular balance, as well as a lack of proper eye care, is in a large measure responsible for much needless suffering and inefficiency.

Many people live to middle life before discovering that the vision of the two eyes is not the same. This condition of course puts too much strain on the better eye and the poorer one gradually gets worse from lack of use.

So many people are inclined to think their eyes are normal because they "see alright". Apart from the fact of whether or not both eyes have normal vision, many persons suffer from headaches, nervousness and kindred complaints due to faulty balanced eye muscles. One muscle being too weak, the eye would "tend" to turn toward the opposite or stronger muscle, but the brain desiring to see a single object where only one exists, keeps the eyes straight by using up excess nerve energy for the weak muscle, thus depriving other organs of the body of their proper share. Is it not therefore the part of wisdom to have a skillful Optometrist advise you whether or not your eyes are as they should be? (Concluded)

I Have Written These Twelve Articles

that you may better understand various eye conditions—the DANGER of neglect or wearing glasses NOT expressly made for YOUR eyes. On a physician operating properly in a hospital. Four EYE EXAMINATIONS are too important to wear glasses except after a SCIENTIFIC EXAMINATION with modern instruments in an office arranged FOR THE PURPOSE and by an EXPERT whose skill has been acquired by years of experience. All this you are assured of in a "CROWE EXAMINATION." It's our life as well as yours.

No charge for examinations. You are under no obligation and we make complete glasses as low as \$5.00.

Take no chances with your eyesight—IT DOES NOT PAY.

OPOMETRIST F. M. CROWE OPTICIAN

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FIRST ST. WEST ALBERTA CORNER, Wed. Afternoons

and 8th AVE. CALGARY, Sat. Evenings

HEARING AIDS FOR THE DEAF

Startling Claim Made

By German Statistician

Predicts Date Of Death By Examining Patient's Eyes

Dr. Felix Bernstein, German mathematician and vital statistician, says he can examine a person's eyes and tell the subject approximately how many more years he has to live, barring accidents or unexpected complications.

His theory of the "accommodating power" of the human eye rests on the premise that as the lens of the eye gradually hardens from birth, its "accommodating power" diminishes steadily and consistently until death from natural causes ends the life span.

Before he went to New York as visiting professor of mathematics at Columbia University, Dr. Bernstein said, he studied more than 1,000 individuals at his clinic in Göttingen during a three-year period, thus proving to his own satisfaction that his theory of life expectancy was correct.

Eye disorders and the mere fact that one wears glasses bear no relation at all to the aging of the eye lenses, Dr. Bernstein declared and carry no weight in the calculation of life expectancy. Only the hardening of the lens which in itself induces failing eyesight as the years fall away, is taken into account.

Develop Sulphate Deposit

Alberta Company To Operate Extraction Plant In Saskatchewan

A Calgary oil company is developing a process for the extraction of water from Glauber's salt, leaving pure sodium sulphate, valuable for use in smelting operations and in paper mills for glazing purposes. The process now under experiment was invented by D. W. F. Seyer, British Columbia professor.

Deposits of Glauber's salts are to be found in Saskatchewan and the company has purchased some 500 acres of land near Oban, Sask., where it plans to build a plant.

Bristol county, Rhode Island, is the smallest county in the United States, having an area of only 224 square miles.

for RHEUMATISM

Put Minard's into a warm dish. Rub liniment gently into the joints in circular directions. . . and soon you'll get relief!

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

BRITISH HOUSE IS DISTURBED BY UNEMPLOYED

London. — Plainclothes policemen and attendants had a busy hour when rushing "Hunger Marchers" out of the visitors' sections in the house of commons kept bobbing up in the galleries shouting threats and demands.

Shortly after the first disturbance, in which seven were ejected, four others interrupted the debate on a new Anglo-Russian trade agreement and were also forced to leave after a struggle.

Officers clamped their hands over the mouths of the shouting men, some of whom resisted strenuously.

Several hundred unemployed marchers assembled in the outer lobby of the house and began singing the Internationale. They were promptly conducted out of the building.

Earlier several groups of "marchers" peered through the iron gates of Buckingham palace, then dispersed without a demonstration.

Extra patrols of bobbies were on duty as the marchers walked to the front of the palace. The gates were reopened at 6:30 p.m. when the marchers left.

Brighter Future

Speech From Throne At Opening Of Nova Scotia Legislature Strikes Optimistic Note

Halifax.—A brighter industrial future was predicted for Nova Scotia in the speech from the throne read by Lieutenant-Governor Walter H. Covert at the opening of the 40th provincial legislature.

"To the year recently closed," the governor read, "this province has felt most keenly the effects of the general depression. The various branches of industry and commerce are showing signs of renewed activity."

Regret was expressed at having to announce the "largest deficit of any fiscal year of the province, a deficit considerably over \$1,000,000 greater than estimated." Therefore, "due regard is being paid to necessity for rigid economy." The speech forecast "means for the stimulation of construction and other work which will gradually lessen unemployment relief."

Expenses For Witness

Toronto.—Funds for the expense of bringing Tim Buehler, imprisoned Communist, from Kingston penitentiary to Toronto where he will appear as a defence witness in the sedition trial of Rev. A. E. Smith, general secretary of the Canadian Labor Defence League, were posted by E. J. McMurtry, K.C., defence counsel from Winnipeg, in assize court here.

Urges Lower Speed Cars

San Francisco.—A resolution urging legislation be enacted forbidding manufacture and sale of automobiles which can exceed the legal speed limit of 45 miles an hour in California has been adopted by the Northern Federation of Civic Organizations, Joseph Hagan, president of the group, said.

Revenue From Wage Tax

Winnipeg.—Coffers of the Manitoba treasury were enriched by \$84,481 for the eight-month period from May 1 to December 31 last under the two per cent. wage tax, Hon. D. L. McLeod, municipal commissioner, told the Manitoba legislature here.

More Trouble In Ireland

Dublin, Irish Free State.—The daily dream was thrown into an uproar as John A. Costello, former attorney-general, pounded his desk and shouted that the blueshirts of General Eoin O'Duffy would be victorious in their fight against the government.

To Stand Trial

Melfort.—Thomas B. Kising, 44-year-old farmer of Bruno, was ordered to stand trial for the murder of Oscar Schwab, young German trapper-partner, at the conclusion of a preliminary hearing here. He was remanded until March 27.

Plans Are Approved

Washington.—First steps in the program of retiring poor United States agricultural lands from production were taken as President Roosevelt approved plans prepared by three divisions of the government.

Work has been started on the underground railway in Moscow, Russia.

W. N. U. 2036

New Way To Test Clover

Saskatchewan University Student Makes Important Discovery

Saskatoon.—Discovery of a new solution with which the bitter-tasting sweet clovers may be detected . . . was announced at the University of Saskatchewan.

The find was that of John S. Clayton, Regina, distinguished student in science, who is working on his Master's degree. The study was undertaken at the request of the federal forage crops laboratory and was under supervision of Dr. Ralph Larmer, of the university's chemistry department.

Discovery of an inexpensive method to test sweet clover is an important step in the transition of this species from that of a useless weed to a position as a forage plant.

The solution, already tested in the government laboratory, will enable agriculturists to produce strains that have not the bitter taste that mark others as unsuitable for fodder.

Understudy, German scientist, has invented a method that proved slow and required much material. A similar result was obtained by two Russian scientists. The Saskatchewan find is simple and inexpensive.

Mr. Stevenson, who is in charge of the government laboratory here, predicted further development in the transition of sweet clover. He saw the time when it would no longer be necessary for the farmer to scarity the weed.

Clayton, graduated with distinction in chemistry in 1932. He is a nephew of M. J. Coldwell, Farmer-Labor leader in Saskatchewan.

Wide Tariff Powers

Premier Of France Given Authority To Modify Levies

Paris.—Gaston Doumergue, emergency premier of France, overrode all opposition in the chamber of deputies, and in a early morning budget session obtained dictatorial tariff regulating powers on a vote of 430 to 152.

A special bill giving M. Doumergue authority to change tariffs by decree in the same manner that he is now making governmental economies was passed and sent immediately to the senate.

The bill gives him power to modify the tariffs by decree until next Dec. 15, subject to ratification modifications by parliament within four months.

To Discuss Trade War

Successful Outcome Expected From Franco-British Conference

Paris.—Negotiations to end the Franco-British trade war and establish a new French economic policy will be held in London, it has been announced.

Lucien Lamoureux, minister of commerce, will head the delegation to London, which he said has "fair chances of success."

A British note asked a trade treaty between the two countries to replace those denounced by France February 13, opening the economic "war" between them.

A flexible bargaining tariff will be the feature of France's new policy.

Honor For Canadian Woman

Montreal.—Miss Idola Saint Jean, president of the Canadian Alliance for Women's Vote In Quebec, has recently been made a member of the "Equal Rights International" which has its headquarters in Geneva. Among the membership of this large and powerful organization are many important women from all over the world with Mrs. Helen Archdale as chairman.

Build New Highway

Calgary.—Operating in conjunction with the Canadian government, the United States will shortly start construction of the United States end of a proposed highway, to connect Waterton Lakes park and Glacier National park, Montana, according to an announcement of the Calgary branch of the Alberta Motor Association.

Miners Are Disappointed

Cape Town.—South African gold miners got a severe disappointment with authoritative denial of a report the government would give them a bonus totalling \$2,500,000 out of its share of the excess profits resulting from the new premium on gold.

Rescue Planes

Moscow.—Three of Soviet Russia's foremost Arctic flyers were en route to the United States to participate, if necessary, in the rescue of 101 persons stranded on ice floes in the Bering sea.

New Tariff Experiment

President Roosevelt To Negotiate Agreements With Other Countries

Washington. — Democratic leaders of the United States congress agreed to try a new tariff experiment by extending authority to President Roosevelt to change rates by as much as 50 per cent. in negotiating agreements with other countries.

Mr. Roosevelt will send a message to the capitol in the next day or so requesting such power to deal with the tariff—an issue that has been the firebrand of United States politics for years.

Under the tariff authority proposed the president would not have to deal through the tariff commission. He would not, however, have the right to take articles off the free list or to put articles on the free list.

The new plan would permit the president to bargain with other countries separately, giving reductions in tariffs in return for counter-reductions by the other countries.

Would Grow Coarse Grains

Seek Federal Subsidy And Freight Rate Reduction

Edmonton.—Hoping to turn western farmers from wheat growing to the coarse grains, oats, barley and rye, the prairie governments are seeking freight rate reductions and federal subsidies.

Hon. George Hoadley, minister of agriculture, when speaking in the legislature, said the prairie provinces have decided to petition the Dominion government to reduce freight charges on coarse grains shipped to eastern Canada and British Columbia.

Also, the Dominion is being asked to subsidize any production of coarse grains seeded on summerfallow land this spring, said the minister. Hon. Mr. Hoadley was explaining at the time steps taken with a view to implementing the London treaty to curtail wheat production.

JAPANESE SAY NO FEAR OF WAR WITH RUSSIA

Tokyo.—The world need not be afraid, said a government spokesman after an exchange of diplomatic representations between Tokyo and Moscow, that Russia and Japan are on the verge of war.

The Japanese government, in a protest sent to Moscow through the Japanese ambassador there, charged that Soviet planes had flown over Korea and Manchuria, and demanded guarantees that such flights would cease.

At the same time the Russians protested to the foreign office that Japanese planes had been sighted in Soviet territory.

A war department spokesman viewed the alleged incidents as somewhat less serious in nature than did even the government spokesman.

Moscow.—The Soviet government denied Soviet planes had flown over Korea and Manchuria, as charged by the Japanese, and at the same time filed a counter charge that Japanese planes had been flying over the Russian side of the Manchukuo frontier.

A formal protest was lodged with Japanese Ambassador Ota, saying that a "few" Japanese planes penetrated 10 kilometers into Russian territory near Pogromichnaya and Iman several days ago.

It was denied officially that Soviet soldiers had shot down any Japanese planes.

STARTS OFFENSIVE



Great Britain's disarmament offensive in a final effort to break the Franco-German deadlock and resume the arms parity at Geneva or elsewhere, has begun with the arrival in Paris of Captain Anthony Eden, British Lord Privy Seal. The British plan calls for a nine-power parity.

New Chinese Empire

Henry Pu Yi Is Enthroned As Emperor With Elaborate Ceremonies

Peking, Manchukuo.—A new empire was ceremonially created in the ancient domain of the Manchus with the enthronement of young Henry Pu Yi, the last of his dynastic clan. Clad in gorgeous ceremonial robes of silks in ancient pattern, he left the imperial palace at 8 a.m., beginning ceremonies which made him Emperor Kang Teh of the Japanese-advanced Manchuria empire, which henceforth will be known as "Ta Man-chou 'Ti Kuo."

The emperor's wife, Yuch Hui, did not participate in the ceremonies owing to delicate health.

The booming of 101 guns proclaimed to the assembled multitudes in the capital the establishment of a new regime.

Riots In New York Jails

In Continuous State Of Siege For Eight Days

New York.—Gotham's "Devil's Island"—a unit of prisons and city hospitals in the middle of the East river—has been in a continuous state of siege for eight days.

The department of Correction Austin H. McCormick, in a speech, said the island was "two volcanoes ready to blow the roofs off the prisons. Our chief problem is idleness and until that is overcome we will have trouble," he said.

Prison guards, it was disclosed, have been on 24 hours riot duty both in the hospital and in the penitentiary where 1,200 men have participated in six riots and kept the prison in a state of incipient mutiny.

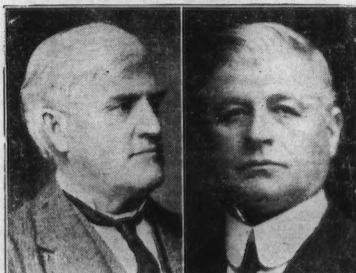
Hunting Squirrels

Enilda, Alta.—Low grain prices, with many fields still untreshed, have turned farmers of the High Prairie-Grouard-Enilda district from the land to squirrel hunting this winter. A booming business in wild fur has developed and one buyer has bought \$111,000 worth of fur from stores so far this season. Squirrel skins have become an almost standard medium of exchange in the locality.

Consider Arms Plan

Paris.—The acceptance of an agreement recognizing Germany's demands for more arms and entitling France to retain her present strong army was reported to be under consideration by Premier Gaston Doumergue.

ONLY SURVIVORS OF 1900 HOUSE PERSONNEL



Thirty-four years ago two young members of the House of Commons at Ottawa entered the Commons Chamber and moved and recorded the address in reply to the speech from the Throne. Since then they have seen 1,990 members come and go in 38 sessions, and are now the only survivors of the 1900 House. Left: Hon. Charles Macle, Liberal member for Bonaventure, was one of them, and across the floor sits the other veteran (right), Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice.

A Hardy Pioneer

Hikes 16 Miles On Snowshoes In 45 Below Zero Weather

Sudbury, Ont.—With his greying hair singed from the fire that destroyed his cabin and his feet frozen from a 16-mile hike on snowshoes in 45 below zero weather without boots, mitts, coat or hat, Albert Davis, 59, arrived at hospital here, and said to attendants, "Take that wheel chair away. I got here on my own feet. I guess I can get upstairs on them."

Davis dismissed exclamations of admiration for his endurance with a wave of his hand to talk about his Belgian police dog, Nipper, who saved his life by waking him when the cabin in which he lived alone caught fire.

Greetings For Prince George

Orange Free State Gives Cordial Welcome To Royal Visitor

Bloemfontein, South Africa.—Prince George came to the Orange Free State after a 3,000-mile tour of the Cape province, assured of a magnificent welcome from this greatest of the Dutch-speaking provinces of the Union of South Africa.

The most impressive of the welcomes have come from wayside rail way stations or little towns, where farmers have come long distances for a brief visit of the royal train.

At Bloemfontein the prince was given an enthusiastic welcome.

Bank Swindle In Argentina

Clerks Arrested But Officials And Money Are Missing

Buenos Aires.—Police raided a bank, arrested all the clerks, but said they found the entire board of directors and two executives missing—along with more than 4,000,000 pesos (approximately \$1,250,000). In the strong boxes were exactly 96 pesos (about \$22) and a director's note for 50,000 pesos (approximately \$13,670).

Officers called it the most extensive swindle in the two years Argentina has had currency exchange control.

LABOR PROBE MAY RESULT IN STATE ACTION

Ottawa.—State intervention in the men's clothing industry of Canada, which seems to be tottering to its death, dragging its workers with it, was proposed before the house business probe by Prof. H. M. Cassidy, of the University of Toronto.

After describing men and women in Montreal and Toronto working a full week of 72 hours for wages running as low as \$3 and \$4 in un sanitary, crowded sweatshops, the young, spectacled professor offered his solution of state intervention. He suggested extension and better enforcement of provincial labor laws which he claimed were being flouted openly to-day.

Within the industry would be established an agency for self-government by the authority of the Dominion to prevent unfair practices and act in a constructive way to stabilize the trade to the benefit of workers, employers and consumers.

The house committee, established to probe business practices, general labor conditions and distribution methods, heard Prof. Cassidy give the results of a three-month inquiry into the men's clothing trade conducted last fall with Prof. F. R. Scott of McGill.

Here were some of the facts unearthed and conclusions reached:

The great majority of workers in the industry, centred in Montreal and Toronto, exist in abject poverty.

The minimum wage laws and labor regulations of Ontario and Quebec have been flouted openly with regard to wages, hours, sanitary conditions and record-keeping.

Workers are afraid to complain to provincial wage authorities for fear they will lose their jobs and the provinces have inadequate inspection staffs.

Fines of \$10 and \$20 for infractions of labor laws are too light.

Pressure from department stores has contributed to the deplorable condition of the industry by forcing manufacturers to accept orders at low prices.

Generally speaking, conditions in Quebec are worse than in Ontario because of lack of union control.

The Montreal strike last September and the establishment of union control resulted in immediate betterment, wages rising as high as 100 per cent. in some shops.

FRENCH OPPOSE MOVE TO LET GERMANY RE-ARM

Paris.—Premier Gaston Doumergue's foreign affairs director said he held out against a proposed four-power treaty permitting Germany to re-arm, and demanded guarantees that any new arms level be observed.

England and Italy, it is understood, were near an accord to put a lid on their armaments and let Germany re-arm, as a result of visits to Berlin and Rome of Captain Anthony Eden, British lord privy seal and leading arms negotiator.

Premier Doumergue will give a definite French reply in a note to London in a few days.

Captain Eden will confer with the French Minister of War, General Norman H. Davis on the American attitude regarding late arms developments, particularly the reported decision of France, Italy, Germany and Great Britain to drop further talks on this subject for a few months.

Trans-Canada Trophy

Alberta Flying Ace Awarded Recognition For Fine Record

Ottawa.—In recognition of 10 years of war and peace time flying, Pilot Walter E. Gilbert of Fort McMurray, Alta., has been awarded the Trans-Canada trophy for 1933. The announcement was made by Hon. D. M. Sutherland, minister of national defence and trustee of the trophy, which is the result of a gift from the late J. D. McKee and is awarded annually for distinguished service in aviation.

Gilbert is now one of Canadian Airways northland pilots and operates out of Fort McMurray in northern Alberta.

Born at Cardinal, Ont., Gilbert is 34 years old. He served during the war with the Royal Flying Corps and the Royal Air Force and joined the Royal Canadian Air Force in 1921. In 1928 he resigned his commission and became a commercial pilot. Since then he has worked continuously in the north. His total flying time to date exceeds 3,200 hours and last year it was 523 hours.

"Mr. Gilbert's services to aviation," said the announcement, "have been brought to the minister's attention in connection with the award of the trophy each year since 1930 and in making the award to Mr. Gilbert he feels it is a fitting tribute to a pilot with a fine and continuous record of arduous work well done under difficult conditions."

What The Senate Does

Has Saved Canada At Least \$103,000,000, It Is Stated

Ottawa.—Evidence that the senate, in amending and rejecting bills, had saved Canada at least \$103,050,000, was offered to the upper chamber by Senator Charles Murphy. He quoted Sir Richard Cartwright as saying that "the value of the senate is not only in what the senate does, but in what the senate prevents other people from doing."

Recently Senator A. D. McRae had drawn the senate's attention to the fact that "the people of Canada have had a very vague and quite erroneous impression as to the responsibility of this honorable house with respect to government."

Would Like Ancient Church

San Francisco.—A proposal that one of the 19 condemned ancient churches, built in London after its great fire of 1666 be transported to San Francisco and re-erected on one of the city's hills has been made by Captain Edward Page Gaston, fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, in an address at a sectional luncheon of the Commonwealth club.

French Wheat Act

Paris.—Reports were current that the French Wheat act, passed last July, had proved a failure and that confirmation of good crop reports for 1934 would bring a wide break in prices. Coupled with these rumors were accusations that farmers had resorted to widespread fraud as a means of getting the minimum price guaranteed by the act.

Opposes Sweatestakes

Ottawa.—Strong opposition to the legalization of sweatestakes was voiced in the senate by Hon. C. C. Hocken of Toronto. He spoke while the sweatestakes bill was before the senate on second reading. The debate was adjourned by Senator James Murdoch.

Idea Undergoing Change

Nations Not So Sure Veterans Should Give Place To Youth

What's this that comes from Paris? We are told that Mr. Doumergue, the 70-year-old premier, was forming a government of "ages," of "elder statesmen," experienced in statecraft.

This, surely, is astonishing. For years now we have been assured that what was wrong with the world was that the "old men" were running it. Youth, those wise and ardent young spirits who could do so much better, had been "betrayed," sold out by the cynical incompetent oldsters, living with the dead hand of the past. So there arose "League of Youth," with them clarion calls to the youngsters to salvage a perishing world.

Alas, the salvaging didn't come, or, at least, didn't come through youth. And it was given a trial, too. In Germany, for instance, the young men took charge of things but instead of striking a blow for pacifism, and against war, they began parading in colored shirts, tramping under foot all who disagreed with them. Violence, not love and light, was their armor, and they ended up by making Germany an autocracy and all but a bristling fortress.

So perhaps the "old men" were not so bad after all, and it may be drawing on many that veterans like Stanley Baldwin and J. Ramsay MacDonald may be preferable to an up-and-coming youngster like Adolf Hitler—or Sir Oswald Mosley.

Truly, what a lot of nonsense we love to talk! Imagine the notion that between twenty and thirty a man's ideals and instincts are nobler and finer than between sixty and seventy; that he is more wise and kind, freer of hate and pugnacity! Yet that is precisely the notion that has been written at us ad nauseam for years now, coupled with plaintive appeals that "youth be given a chance."—Ottawa Journal.

A Sensible Conclusion

Motorist Should Stop Car If Vision Is Obscured

The Peterborough, Ontario, Examiner calls attention to something which was said by Mr. Justice Kingstone during the local assize court session in that city. It had to do with a plea which is often raised by drivers of motor cars that they could not see owing to glaring lights, fog, frozen windshield, etc. From the Examiner we quote:

"Mr. Justice Kingstone pointed out in this regard that in any set of circumstances that prevents a motorist from seeing clearly what is before him his plain duty is to bring his car to a stop.

"If he does not do so, but continues on his way and as a result of that action on his part an accident occurs then he, in law, will be held liable for causing the accident."

There does seem to be something reasonable about that advice. We are quite sure if a person were walking along some place at night and could not see what was ahead, he would stop until he got his bearings. Why should the same logic not be made to apply to the person driving a car? We do not believe that the average motorist realizes that his failure to stop when he is not certain, is adding to his responsibility in case an accident happens. It is something worth thinking about.—Stratford-Herald.

Fish Industry Improving

"There is a much more optimistic tone in the case in regard to the fishing industry," states John Dykhavn, who has returned to Prince Rupert, B.C., from a trip to Eastern Canada and the United States. "There was every confidence that, by the time the fresh fishing season opened on March 1 this year, from all stocks would have been cleaned up. This will create a healthy situation and, as a consequence, everyone identified with the industry is more hopeful."

Hole Was Right

The landlady unseated her new tenant up four flights of stairs and threw open a door.

"Well," she said, brightly, "what do you think of it as a whole?"

He turned a gloomy face to her.

"Well, I suppose it's all right as holes go," he said, "but it's a bedroom I wanted."

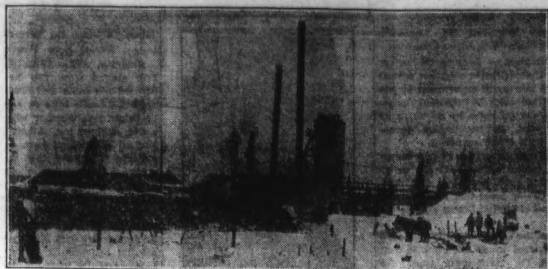
Tramp—"Say, lady, did I get a pie from you last week?"

Lady—"No, you did not!"

Tramp—"How careless of me! Could you let me have it now?"

W. N. U. 2036

LATEST ONTARIO GOLD MINE FLOURISHES



Our picture shows a view of the property of Little Long Lac Gold Mine at Geraldton, Ontario, which is one of the most promising operations of a new district in Northern Ontario. The mine lies north-east of Port Arthur.

Australia's Plant Hospital

Saves Country Thousands Of Dollars Every Year

In Canberra, the federal capital of Australia, there is probably the most remarkable hospital in the world. It is a hospital for the treatment of sick plants. Complete with operating theatre, surgical and medical wards, isolation blocks and laboratories, it has been designed to save the country thousands of dollars annually. The "wards" are glass houses screened against summer sun and warmed against the winter frosts. In one "ward," is the incurably aseptic plants. At night they require the help of a huge electric lamp of many hundreds of candle power. Their wasted cells cannot absorb sufficient nourishment during the daylight hours.

The progress of plant diseases are studied upon leaves and even roots through the glass walls of the adjoining "ward." The infected plants are in enormous tubes. Next to that "ward" is the one where cereals are growing in beds equipped with a complex system of warming devices to adjust the ground temperature.

In the operating theatre, stems, buds, and seeds are dissected to learn why fruit refuses to set, why it is small and deformed, or why crops are light. In the dieticians' department, the effects of fertilizers are noted. In the bacteriological laboratories cultures of the germs which attack plants are growing. Even the consequences of late autumn, mild winters, and early springs upon the yield of field and orchard crops are the subject of continuous intensive study.

Service To Humanity

Medical Research Attempting To Overcome Ravages Of Flu

If the workers in the National Institute for Medical Research succeed in their attempt to immunize human beings from influenza, they will have rendered an enormous service to humanity. For "flu" is one of the most deadly diseases of our time. At its worst, it slays millions. More men and women died than were killed in the four years of war. The research work is still far from complete. The workers themselves, true to scientific tradition, make no big claims. But the progress made in the last year gives more ground for hope than there has been yet.

Wanted To Be Honest

Old age pensions will be paid soon in Nova Scotia and an organization set up by the provincial government is receiving and examining applications. Some are amusing. An investigator taking the statement of an elderly woman came to the item: "Set down any unusual sums of money received during the past year." The applicant hesitated for a while, and the investigator suggested they pass over it and return to it later. "Will I have to put there the two dollars I got for my vote last election?" the woman enquired.

Looked After His Own

Calling at the White House rather early one morning, Senator Sumner of Massachusetts found President Lincoln down stairs polishing his boots. He was surprised to find the president doing this and said, "Why, Mr. President, do you black your own boots?"

Without stopping from his task the president replied, "Whose boots did you think I blacked?"

"Your boy must be a phenomenally fast runner. I noticed in the morning paper that he burned up the track with his speed. I suppose you saw him do it?"

"No," said the athlete's mother, "but I saw the track this morning, and there was nothing but cinders there."

Better To Be Average

Child Who Is Abnormally Clever Sure To Be Lonely

A thirteen-year-old boy has just been graduated from one of the New York City High schools, and has been subjected to the inevitable newspaper interview. Though the youngster is not precisely an object of pity, we cannot consider him particularly fortunate.

In one way the lad is certainly at a disadvantage. Intellectually he is hopelessly out of touch with ordinary boys of his age who, if normal, are more interested in baseball, football and skating than they are in books and would rather rough house than discuss studies, which, as a rule, they consider a nuisance and a pest. And physically he is separated by the gulf of adolescence from those with whom he will be thrown into contact in case he continues his schooling and goes to college. He will be a boy and they will be young men.

So in work and in play the youngsters social adjustments must be continually a matter of compromise, and the penalty cannot fail to be loneliness.

The person who has the best chance for happiness in this world is, other things being equal, the person who is "average." He is the one upon whom the gods have bestowed their best gift.—Detroit Free Press.

Bears Profitable Crop

Alligator-Pear Tree Nets California Owner Big Sum

What is probably the most valuable tree in the world is an alligator-pear tree at Whittier, California, which netted its owner a profit of \$3,200 in one year. This tree began bearing fruit in its fourth year, and in its seventh year bore 3,000 pears, which sold for \$1,500, while the sale of buds during the same year amounted to \$1,700, making the total given above. The tree is a seedling the seed having been planted with a quantity of other seed which had been imported, presumably from Mexico. The pears weigh from 8 to 12 ounces each.

Good On The Stretch

"Now, what about some elastic," suggested the commercial traveller who was getting an order from an Aberdeen shoemaker.

"Na, na," said the Aberdonian. "I'm for nae mair 'o' it. I couldna measure a yal'd 'o' your last comin' w'oot the darned stuff snapping."

Mistress (reading applicant's references)—"What, you have had six places in a month?"

Maid—Yes, ma'am. The days of the good mistress are over."

Longest-Lived Coin

Copper Easily In Lead States Comptroller Of Treasury

The common, every-day "copper" has the longest life of all metallic currency issued by the government, and the reason, said Walter Sellars, comptroller of the treasury, is that this coin is generally left lying carefully in drawers or deposited for years in children's banks.

The invention of slot-machines and modern telephone coin-boxes has created a demand for larger coins and so the large "nickel" quickly replaced the small silver five-cent piece. There is, and always will be, a great demand for ten-cent pieces, but not one so recent piece was coined in the last year, Mr. Sellars said.

About 5,000,000 "thin-plasters," or paper 25-cent pieces, are still in circulation. Americans buy them as souvenirs, but the mail order trade in many varieties of the west takes the bulk, according to Mr. Sellars. It was somewhat surprising to note, he said, that few people know the Dominion issued a \$5 note. There are about 1,000,000 in circulation and most of this number are believed to be in the province of Quebec.

Old Water Bottle Found

Dated 1881 Reminds Memories Of Lone Police Patrols

Recalling to pioneer memories the lone patrols of the North-West Mounted Police, a water bottle on which is inscribed "Constable Sinclair, N.W.M.P., 1881," has been found at Waterton National Park in Alberta by E. H. Wagstaff. The souvenir was picked up on the "Bad Lands," east of Pass creek where many and varied are the tales that have come out of the "Bad Lands" country. By some it is held Constable Sinclair may have dropped the canteen while a member of the police patrol which, in 1888, travelled deep in the Pass creek valley in search of the notorious renegade Indian, Charcoal.

The outlaw later was captured and hanged at Macleod for the murder of another Indian and Sgt. Wolfe of the North-West Mounted Police.

Sufficient Address

Postal authorities in Bath, England, are believed to have established something like a record. They have recently delivered a letter bearing the address: "To the driver of a cab outside the North Door of the Abbey, Bath, who on January the First wore a white chrysanthemum in his coat."

More than 1,250,000 flower pots are being made in England each week, and factories are far behind their orders.

Reported "Found" Again

Tiny Sailing Ship Griffin Disappeared Two Centuries Ago

The wreck of the Griffin, the tiny sailing ship whose mysterious fate has remained through two centuries and a half a minor fascination of American history, has been "found" again. It has been found, that is to say, if an A. P. dispatch from St. Ignace may be accepted at its face value. The trouble is that the Griffin has so often been found before, yet the last fully confirmed report of her still dates from September 18, 1879, the day she sailed from Green Bay, in what is now Wisconsin, to bear La Salle's cargo of furs to civilization. Neither the Griffin nor her people were ever heard from again. The darkest rumors gathered about her name, variously involving Indians, treachery or mutiny; historians have sunk her (on inadequate data) in "a storm on Lake Michigan"; others have reported her bones to lie in the Mississippian Strait at the west end of Manitoulin Island, and now St. Ignace discovers her in only ten feet of water "beneath the ice of Lake Huron off Birch Island." There have been reports of the finding of her guns on land, and six or seven years ago an expedition was announced to bring up the wreck. But the location was kept a secret by the sponsors.

She is as famous as the Hesperus, though vastly more authentic. She was, in fact, the first European ship to navigate the Great Lakes, and was thus the lineal ancestor of all the great fleets which to-day bring down the vast rivers of wheat and iron over these inaccessible waterways. Of fifty tons burden, she was built in the summer of 1679 near the present site of Buffalo, to sail thence in August for the upper lakes. It was on the return from this first trip that she was lost, her whole career thus lasting little more than a month, but from that day to this she has floated, as wreathlike as the Flying Dutchman, through the footnotes of history, and it is pleasant to see the newspaper reporters preserving her immortality. Perhaps she will be found and brought up one day, as happened with Oliver Hazard Perry's flagship, the brig Niagara, but in the little Griffin's case, one would think that identification, after so many years, might be just a little difficult.—New York Herald Tribune.

Not Quite Logical

Idea That Modern Advancement Is Slowing Up Industries

A steamline train that will do 110 miles an hour is something more than an innovation or a revolution. Its significance extends beyond railroading. It is a reply to the weeping philosophers of the technocracy cast.

They look about them and see a world in collapse because it is a world completely equipped for all its needs. Unemployment will crush us because the machines have left us without work for men to do. There will be no revival in the so-called capital goods industries because the country has more manufacturing plant than it will ever need. World trade is doomed because all the nations have learned to make everything for themselves. Savings banks and insurance companies are lost because they hold vast quantities of railway bonds, and the railroad is doomed by the aeroplanes.

Yet it isn't quite logical to argue in the same breath that the railroads are obsolete and that unemployment is bound to grow by leaps and bounds. If the railroads are obsolete there ought to be a lot of employment in building aeroplanes to take their place, or in rebuilding the railroads a la steamline. But then logic, too, is getting to be an obsolete industry.—New York Times.

First Bottled Milk

In 1871 the first bottled milk was put on the market at Brooklyn, U.S.A., says the International Review of Agriculture. At first beer bottles with patent stoppers were used. In 1889 cardboard discs began to be used to seal bottles. To begin with, only guaranteed milk or special milk for infants was put into bottles; then, later, milk was delivered in bottles at public markets, schools, offices, and factories, and finally it has come to be used for general home consumption, cooking included. To-day, in addition to ordinary milk, skin-milk, sour milk, whey, and butter milk are sold in bottles.

Dog distemper studies in England, spread over ten years, cost approximately 275,000 dollars.

It is much easier to find out what is wrong than to find a remedy that will work.

Gardening

Gardening Offers A Partial Solution For Unemployment Problem

A long, cold winter is drawing to a close. At least it is the hope of most Canadians, even the younger ones who must have had their fill of ice and snow. For they know that soon the weather will moderate and once more we may venture out of doors. In the meantime garden plans may be discussed. Nothing will restore health so quickly, or bring order to a mind, unsettled by the business, political and social problems so prevalent to-day, as a few hours in the garden. To dig in the earth, to plant seeds that have been handed down carefully from the dim ages, and in a few short weeks to see a picture of our own creating taking shape around us—this is real satisfaction.

Planning is essential. Tall things must not be planted where they will shade smaller types. Very early spinach, radish and the first lettuce, can be planted in rows twenty inches apart and the later vegetables put in between. Planting of each vegetable may be spread over weeks in many instances so that a continuous supply is produced. The use of early, medium and late varieties of the same vegetable, offers another means of spacing out the crop and increasing total returns and the introduction of a few absolutely new things each year will also increase the trend in that direction. It is quite possible in every section of Canada to develop a vegetable garden which will prove a continuous source of table revenue, and in doing so save money and what is also important, it adds interesting variety to the things that go on that table.

Throughout Canada people are casting about for ways of making an extra dollar. Young people losing employment in the cities have returned to the old farmed-for-shelter. For fifty miles around the larger cities, countryside and villages are crowded with families who are trying to establish themselves on the land. In every community there are good citizens who have more time on their hands to-day than ever before. Gardening offers at least a partial solution. In addition to giving them the major portion of their good requirements for at least six months, it offers some opportunity of making money. This may take the form of specialties, like green peas, sweet corn, mushrooms, canning, or fresh crops for a local market. Fresh peas is a main highway close at hand which offers a site for a roadside stand over which they can sell all sorts of fresh vegetables and cut flowers. Maybe there is a summer resort. In addition to giving them the highest prices may be secured. To capture this sort of trade, earliness is essential, but this only means a good hot bed, planted in March or April.

Fatal Relics Of War

Mines Laid During World War Still Menace To Shipping

Mines put into the sea during the World War still are afloat. A Finnish steamer recently found one in the Baltic Sea and had it destroyed. Since the war one Swedish naval officer has found and destroyed more than 350 drifting mines—hideous engines of death, waiting to slip into the paths of unsuspecting ship captains.

"That such hazards still exist on the high seas is rather shocking to one's sense of security, but when you stop to think about it, the wonder is that there are not more of them around to cause tragedies.

Mines were tossed into the water in an indescribably prodigious manner during the war. When the armistice arrived the Allied Navies spent months picking them up; but in the very nature of things it was inevitable that they should miss a great many.

Not So Unfortunate

"The most unfortunate letter in the alphabet some say, is the letter 'w' because it's always out of 'cash,' forever in 'debt' and never out of 'danger'."

"That's all true. Still it's never in 'cash' always in 'peace' and always in something to 'eat.'"

It is the beginning of "existence" the commencement of "ease" and the end of "trouble."

Without it there could be no end of "stare."

It is the centre of "honesty" and is always in "love."

"We had a contest to decide the prettiest girl in our graduating class of 400."

"How did it turn out?"

"One girl got two votes."

FANCIFUL FABLES



LESS THAN
1¢ WORTH IN
A CAKE

MAGIC

LESS THAN 1¢ WORTH for a big three-layer cake! That's all it costs when you use Magic Baking Powder. And you get a fine quality that never varies—absolute purity and dependability. No wonder Canada's most prominent cookery experts say it doesn't pay to take chances with doubtful baking powder. Bake with Magic and be sure!

MADE "CONTAINS NO ALUM." This statement on every tin is your guarantee that Magic Baking Powder is free from alum or any harmful ingredient.



OCCASIONAL WIFE

By EDNA ROBB WEBSTER

Author of "Joretta," "Lipstick Girl," etc.

SYNOPSIS

Camilla Hoyt and Peter Anson, young and in love, marry secretly, deciding to live their own lives apart until Peter is able to provide for her. Peter is a young, struggling sculptor trying to win a competition for a scholarship abroad and Camilla is the adopted daughter of a wealthy family. She is not to inherit money when she comes of age and so is studying commercial art in the hope of landing an agency job. Others in the story are Avis Werth, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter, Sylvia Todd, Peter's model, and Gus Matson, his former roommate with whom he has quarrelled. At a party at an exclusive club Peter entertains Camilla's guests with impersonations. When the rest of the members of the party go to a cabaret to continue the gaiety, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awake it is early morning and Avis and another boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married. Avis is stunned and Camilla's mother likewise. Camilla and her mother, like Mrs. Bowman and Weeks, an advertising agency, where Camilla has submitted some of her work, send for her and tell her they have a new account which requires unusual treatment of juvenile art. To Camilla's surprise she learns that the account is that of her foster father's company, which has decided on an extensive campaign to bolster up lagging business. After a conference with Mr. Bowman, Camilla decides to attempt the work. With ideas running riot in her head she goes home and spends the night sketching. In the morning, armed with her samples she sets out for the agency. The critics were enthusiastic about her work, and Mr. Weeks offers her a salary of \$50.00 a week to start and a prospect of having it doubled. She goes to keep a dinner engagement with Peter. She tells Peter of her good fortune in securing employment. Mrs. Hoyt is also informed that Camilla has obtained work and is going to leave the Hoyt household.

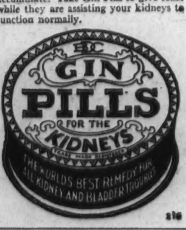
(Now Go On With The Story)

CHAPTER XXXIII

The task of selecting a suitable apartment was not so difficult as Camilla had anticipated. She found vacancies everywhere, and inducements in the way of reduced rates and added accommodations were offered by helpful landlords. She looked at several places, compared prices and possibilities. Rose had insisted that a kitchenette apartment at higher rent would be more economical than taking one room and boarding out. Rose was a marvelous cook and had cooked at Camilla's objection. "But I know so little about housework, Rose, I'm afraid you would have to do most of it for awhile."

"That's nothing! Housework for two? I wish that was all I ever had to think about. And you'll learn fast. I'll teach you to cook in no time."

Too Much Uric Acid is a very common cause of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago. Strained kidneys allow an excessive amount of uric acid to accumulate. Take Gin Pills to give relief while they are assisting your kidneys to function normally.



W. N. U. 2036

"I'm glad you didn't hate me, Rose." Camilla slipped an arm around Rose's shoulders, hungry for the family life that a stranger had snatched from her. "I've always needed a sister like you, and I want to do something in return for all you are going to teach me."

"About what?"

"Well, you are going to teach me to cook, so I can take care of my Peter some day, for one thing. But more than that, I want to learn your viewpoint about—life! You are a year younger than I, Rose, and you think you have missed a lot of things I've had. But somehow, you are the one who has lived and grown wise while I have skinned the surface of superficial trifles. I want to learn how to live deeply and wisely. I believe that you can help me."

Rose was silent for a moment. That she had anything to offer this beautiful, talented girl whom fortune had smiled upon, was a surprise to her, but she said presently, with gay insouciance, "Well, if it's how to make three and three add seven, and how to turn the skirt of last season's dress into a blouse for your new suit, you want to learn, I can do all that. And I've seen Ma change a roast into stew, then hash and then turn it into a soup, and so on. Those may sound trivial, my dear, but they are really deep mysteries of my life."

"Any accomplishment that requires thought and skill is a mystery until it is done," Camilla agreed. "And those which seem the least important are the ones that make the world go 'round,' I've discovered."

Later, when Camilla took her place at the Hoyt table for her last dinner as a member of the household, Mr. Hoyt looked at her keenly and remarked, "So, you're leaving us tomorrow. We're going to miss you greatly, Camilla."

"I shall miss both of you," but Camilla replied honestly. "You'll come back to see us sometimes. I'll be pretty busy, of course, and won't have much time for pleasure and friends."

"You're mighty lucky to be getting any kind of a position in such times as these."

"Oh, I don't know. I've heard so many people told that they are lucky to have work, even if it doesn't pay much. I can't see it. That isn't fair. If one has ambition and ability to work, why hasn't he a right to earn a decent living? It is only the misfits who are lucky to have jobs," her tone was a trifle defiant.

"Not turning socialist, just because you are going to work, are you?" Alexander asked, with a twinkle. "Nothing like that. I believe in the individual, not the masses. But even distinguished individuals are feeling this upheaval."

"They certainly are," Mr. Hoyt agreed, tiredly. He had given no hint to his wife of the condition of his affairs, but it was no betrayal to admit that he was involved in the general depression. Neither did he know that in Camilla's inexperienced hands lay the fate of his future and his business. Quicker, those whose lives had run in a close parallel for so long, and were so interdependent and so distant; yet not one knew the intimate thoughts and hopes and activities of the others.

(To Be Continued)

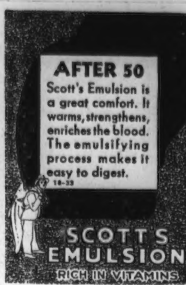
China Fixes Medical Fees

Canton, China, complains that Chinese and foreign physicians have grown rich on excessive charges and fixed a price list of services. Minor operations must not cost more than \$10, nor major operations more than \$100. The fee for a first consultation is fixed at \$1 and for a second and later consultations 40 cents.

Argentina's 1922-23 peanut crop has reached the record of 75,287 tons.

HORSES SAVED
FROM COUGHS AND COLDS!
Spoon's
Cough Syrup
Spoon's
Cough Syrup
Spoon's
Cough Syrup

In the Famous Green Box
HEAVY WAXED PAPER
Has a hundred uses. Always have a box in the kitchen.
Appelhof PAPER PRODUCTS
HAMILTON, ONTARIO



Homes For Working People

Large Number Built Annually In Nearly Every Country

In the years between the Armistice and the economic collapse of 1929 all the belligerent countries witnessed a great efflorescence of housing. Germany up to the beginning of 1928 built very nearly 1,400,000 new dwellings. A very large part of this number was modernistic as well as modern, of a type that is found in other countries.

England and Wales before the war used to build an average of 75,000 houses annually. Between 1921 and 1930 the annual average was very nearly 200,000 houses and from the Armistice to the present day the number of new dwellings must be well over two million. To this extent Lloyd George's pledge of a country fit for heroes to live in has been redeemed. Here at home we have had an enormous amount of housing construction, without any government subsidy except tax exemption over a period of years.

Vienna's model working-class homes are thus no peculiar phenomenon; and 60,000 such dwellings, as estimated, would not be greatly excessive, considering that Vienna is the only large city in Austria.—New York Times.

NERVOUS, SLEEPLESS

Mr. Wm. Downing of 5 Hamilton street, Ont., says: "My nerves were all strung. I couldn't sleep. My appetite was poor. I became weak and suffered from pains in my back. In fact I was sick all over. But the first bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery produced a wonderful change, so I continued to use it until I felt better."

Write Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N. Y.

Big Business In China

Factories Turn Discarded Cigarette Ends Into Smokes For Cooles

Cigarette butts are big business in China. According to an estimate of the bureau of social affairs, about 3,000 men, women and children earn their rice each day by gathering discarded cigarette ends from the streets of Shanghai.

One factory alone receives an average of 15 wheelbarrows full of butts a day. It employs 25 persons to turn them into cheap cigarettes and cigarettes for sale to poor Chinese coolies. There are a dozen such factories situated in the international settlement and French section of Shanghai.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

SONG

Love, let me bring To you a part Of this glad spring When in the breeze Lifts leaf and bud In sanguine songs. For all joy's food To you belongs.

All other springs, Swift-winged, went by: Through this March rings New ecstasy. And, till you came, No April's kiss Woke with its flame Perennial bliss!

Government And Packers Co-Operate

Modern Canadian packing houses know that careful grading and selection of animals, scientific control of operations, and immaculate cleanliness are essential to success. Therefore, they recognize that a service such as government inspection by the officers of the Dominion department of agriculture, designed for the protection of the consumer, is of equal value to the packers themselves.

"What's the matter, Oscar—you look terrible."
"My wife's on a diet."

Little Helps For This Week

"I will bless the Lord who hath given me counsel."—Psalm 16:7.
Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit; serving the Lord.—Romans 12:11.

Mine be the reverent listening love That waits all day on Thee. With the service of a watchful heart Which no one else can see.

—A. L. Waring.

Nothing is small or great in God's sight; whatever he wills becomes great to us, however seemingly trifling, and if once the voice of conscience tells us that He requires anything of us we have no right to measure its importance. On the other hand, whatever He would have us do, however important we may think it, is as sought to us. How do you know what you may lose by neglecting this duty which you think is so trifling, or the blessing which its faithful performance may bring? Be sure if you do your very best in that which is laid on you daily, you will not be left without sufficient help when some weightier occasion arises. Give yourself to Him, trust Him, fix your eye upon Him, listen to His voice, and then go on bravely and cheerfully.

Delicious Cream Cookies

- 1 cup Mazola
- 4 beaten eggs
- 1 cup nut meats
- 1/2 cup chopped raisins
- 1/2 teaspoon vanilla
- 4 cups flour
- 2 cups brown sugar
- 1/2 cup sweet cream
- 1 cup Crown Brand Corn Syrup
- 1 teaspoon lemon essence
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 1/2 cup Benson's Corn Starch
- 4 teaspoons baking powder

Cream the Mazola with the sugar and then add the eggs and beat until light. Mix the cream with the corn syrup and add to the batter alternately with the dry ingredients sifted together and mixed with the nuts and raisins. Flavor and drop by spoonfuls on buttered baking pans and cook in a moderate oven (350 degrees).

Blue Bread

Blue-Dyed Wheat Intended For Hogs Ground Into Flour In France

France's blue-dyed wheat, intended for hogs, has found its way into some of the nation's bread, with the result that angry consumers are demanding prosecutions.

Authorities of the government announced 22 tons of flour had been ground from denatured wheat, intended solely for livestock, and sold to bakers of the Tarascon region.

No ill effects from the bread were reported, except to the feelings of the consumers, who concluded that, having paid the standard price for their bread, they had been cheated.

Corn Growing On Prairies

A new argument for corn growing on the prairies is found in the experience of last season that grasshoppers will not readily attack the leaves or stalks. In many cases when wheat, oats and barley were stripped, the corn was untouched and provided feed for live stock.

Here's Quickest, Simplest Way to Stop a Cold



1. Take 2 Aspirin Tablets.
2. Drink full glass of water. Repeat treatment in 2 hours.
3. If throat is sore, crush and dissolve 3 Aspirin Tablets in a half glass of water and gargle according to directions in box.

Almost Instant Relief

in this Way

The simple method pictured above is the way doctors throughout the world now treat colds.

It is recognized as the QUICK-EST, safest, surest way to treat a cold. For it will check an ordinary cold almost as fast as you can swallow it.

Ask your doctor about this. And when

you buy, see that you get Aspirin Tablets. Aspirin is the trademark of The Bayer Company, Limited, and the name Bayer in the form of a cross is on each tablet. They dissolve almost instantly. And thus work almost instantly when you take them. And for a gargle, Aspirin Tablets dissolved in water completely leave no irritating particles. Get a box of 12 tablets or a bottle of 24 or 100 at any drug store.

DOES NOT HARM THE HEART



ASPIRIN TABLETS ARE MADE IN CANADA

HURT & SHARPE
Welding
BLACKSMITHS
Electric and Acetylene Welders
John Deere and Cockshutt Agents
Fertilizer
Crossfield, Alta.
Red Indian Motor Oils and Greases.

Dr. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honour Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
Office—McClelland's Rexall Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield.

Council Meetings
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.
By Order of the Village Council
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

Canadian Legion B. E. S. L. Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 2 p.m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.
D. J. HALL. R. D. SUTHERLAND
President Secretary

DENTIST
Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN.
218A, 8th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary

For
BETTER PIGS
USE
McClelland's Specific
Give one teaspoonful once daily to sow six to eight weeks before farrowing and see the results.
16 oz. bottle, enough for two sows
60c

McClelland's Drug Store
The Rexall Store
Phone 3 Crossfield

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—Power Plant suitable for 10 or 12 inch grinder. Hurt & Sharpe

LOST—Pair of clippings on road south of town. Finder will please leave at Chronicle office.

WILL TRADE—1924 Ford Coach with license, good running order, for team of work horses.
Cito Faas, Crossfield

FOR SALE—One Imperial 150 Egg Incubator in good working order.
Mrs. E. J. Bartholomew

LOST—Between 1 mile west of Sunshine School and Crossfield, 1 rear bumper for 1929 Marmont Car. Reward if returned to
Crossfield Garage

FOR SALE—3 unbandaged young gobblers and one banded B old gobble.
Mrs. N. J. Casey

FOR SALE—1 John Deere Tractor, 1 Hartr Parr Tractor, 1 Rumely Tractor, a six horse Stationary Engine and a number of Good Used Cars. Will trade for livestock. Apply
Leslie Farr, Airdrie

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED
Hand-in or leave for repair. Bachelors, Musical Instruments Repaired. Leave orders at Chronicle Office.
ARCHIE ANDERSON

HUTTON'S FOR MAGNETO, GENERATOR, Starter Repairs, Batteries
Parts for all magnetos. Distributors of American and Robert Bosch, Edison, and Waco Magnetos. Everything electric for car and tractor—Hutton's Electric
231-11th Avenue West, Calgary
Phone M5895-RE. M9026

Watch and Clock Repairing
We are agents for Calgary's leading jewelers and can give you good service—The Chronicle office.

All Kinds of
TINSMITHING WORK
J. L. McRory
CROSSFIELD Alberta

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907

THURSDAY, Mar. 8, 1934

Local News

Keep in mind the School Fair Concert on Friday, March 23rd.
Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Johnstone were visitors in Calgary Saturday.

Miss Willa McTavish is spending a few days in Calgary the guest of Mrs. Jimmie Boyle.
J. T. Stewart received a telegram that his youngest brother died March 5th. at Toronto.

Don't forget the dance and local talent play in Beaver Dam hall on Friday night of this week.

Mrs. P. H. Fleming entertained on Friday evening at a "white elephant" bridge party. Prizes were won by Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Williams.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid of the United Church was held at the home of Mrs. Jas. Belshaw on Wednesday afternoon.
Adam Cruickshank, Lloyd McRory and Alfred Stevens are celebrating their respective birthdays today (Thursday).

Fong Hin of Lacombe was in town for a few days this week visiting with his partner George of the Oliver Hotel.

The regular monthly meeting of Floral Local U.F.W.A. will be held at the home of Mrs. A. Fredell on Wed., March 14th. Roll Call—Irish sayings.

Mr. Carl Becker is attending the Grand Lodge of Alberta L.O.O.F. as representative of Crossfield Lodge No. 42.

Janette McCrimmon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. McCrimmon, was taken to Calgary today (Thursday) where she will undergo an operation for appendicitis at the General Hospital.

The annual St. Patrick's Calico dance, under the auspices of the Floral Local U.F.W.A. will be held in the East Community Hall on Friday, March 16th. Music by Robertson's 7-piece radio orchestra.

R. M. McCool, M. L. A. came down from Edmonton on Friday and addressed a meeting of the Junior U.F.A. at the McPherson School on Friday night, returning to the city on Sunday afternoon.

Two rinks of local curlers, Dr. McClelland, Louis Overby, Ed Meyers, C. H. McMillan, skip, and Chas. Fox, D. W. Carmichael, T. M. Goldie, Gordon Purvis, skip are going to Calgary on Friday evening to play friendly games at the North Hill Curling Club. It is expected that return games will be played here on Saturday afternoon and evening.

The following old-timers of the Crossfield district attended the Old Timers banquet and dance at Acme on Friday night: Mr. and Mrs. C. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Ableman, Mr. and Mrs. Ian Laut, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Almscough, Mr. F. Laut and Mr. R. Jones. They reported a very enjoyable time. A crowd of between 300 and 400 attended.

Fred "Fat" Sackett met with a painful accident on Monday afternoon, while cutting poles at Deer Springs, 27 miles west of Crossfield. As he swung to cut down a tree his axe hit a branch, deflecting its course and striking him on the right foot causing a severe gash. He was brought to his home here on Monday night.

Messrs. A. Horne, Mac Boyce Mack Ferguson, and Clair Shiedal, known as the Cuthbertson Bridge Club, defeated the Jacobie Bridge Club of Messrs. D. J. Hall, W. D. McCool, Geo. Zang and W. Miller on Monday night—and a large part of the morning, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. McCool.

After six hours of playing, the Cuthbertson gang had a load of around 3,000.

A sumptuous lunch was served by the hostess at midnight.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Williams entertained at a bridge party on Saturday evening last. The guests of honor were Constable Cameron and his rink of lady curlers and their husbands. Four tables of bridge were in play. Prizes were won by Mrs. Cameron and Mr. A. Heywood; consolation prizes going to Mrs. H. Ballam and Mr. Chas. Fox.

A very dainty lunch was served by the hostess.

Village Council Meeting

The first meeting of the new council was held in the fire hall at 7 p.m. on Monday night.

Wm. Wood, the newly elected councillor took the oath of office. J. M. Williams was elected mayor for the ensuing 12 months.

An application was received from R. Nichol applying for the position of Village Constable and general handy man.

This position has been filled by Jas. Belshaw for the past eighteen years, and Councillor Asmussen and Wood could not see why any change was necessary.

A communication from the Deputy Minister of Municipalities was read enclosing a by-law for milk and meat inspection which he thought would be suitable for the Village of Crossfield. The by-law was carefully read and discussed and it was decided to add fowl, making the by-law read—Milk, Meat and Fowl.

This by-law will be drafted and will receive its first and second reading at the next meeting of the council.

Councillor Asmussen asked that the financial standing of the Village be given at each meeting, showing the amount paid out, the amount received and the bank balance.

Councillor Asmussen next raised the question of office hours by the Secretary. The Sec. Treas. will be at his office on Tuesday and Thursday afternoons of each week.

A parcel of land recently owned by W. Major has been transferred by him to the Village.

ALBERTA LIQUOR CONTROL ACT OF ALBERTA

Application for Change of Location of Licensed Premises

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned intends applying to the Alberta Liquor Control Board for permission to transfer the beer license of the Oliver Hotel at Crossfield, Alberta from its present location on Lots 5 and 6, in Block 2, Plan 4304, to the north-east corner of the ground floor of the newly constructed portion of the said hotel, and which is situate on Lots 7, Block 2.
Dated at Crossfield, Alberta, this 9th day of March, 1934.
Mrs. E. Cruickshank.
Applicant.

Church of the Ascension (Anglican)

Sunday, March 11th
Evening Service - 7:30 p.m.
Sunday School every Sunday at 10 a.m.
J. W. A. every Monday after school.

United Church Services

On Sunday, Mar. 11th, services will be held as follows:
Crossfield—Sunday School at 2 p.m. in charge of Mr. W. Gibson
Preaching service in the evening at 7:30 Service in Madden Hall at 11:30 a.m. Everybody welcome.
Rev. E. Longmire, Minister

Baptist Church

Morning Service - 11:00 a.m.
Evening Service - 7:30 p.m.
Sunday School after morning service.
Come and bring your friends.
Earl V. Phillips, Pastor

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Crossfield and District Amateur Athletic Association was held in the Chronicle office on Tuesday evening. By-laws were drafted and other business transacted.

Crossfield's ANNUAL

Community SALE

Thursday, March 15

Listings wanted of Livestock, Machinery, Household Goods, etc.

Entries can be made with T. Tredaway, L. Farr, Airdrie or at the Chronicle office.

L. Farr, Auctioneer
Airdrie, Alta.

Village Council Move Hagstrom Building off Main Street

The John Hagstrom building on Main Street has been moved by the Village to a lot near Hughie McIntyre's residence. This building has been an eye sore on the main thoroughfare for a long time. The Council in moving John and his building back out of the way, will now be able to sell the lot and get it back on the tax roll, besides even a vacant lot will look better than John's building.

Hughie McIntyre and others loudly protested the moving of John and his building to their neighborhood, but the Council evidently believe that it is impossible to satisfy everybody and went right on with their moving, and Honest John, the cobbler, has been moved back, stock and barrel to lot on "McIntyre Drive."

Bacon Hog Demonstration

Largely Attended

A large and enthusiastic crowd turned out to the Board of Trade meeting on Thursday last when the Provincial Department of Agriculture gave a Bacon Hog Demonstration.

The speakers were introduced by President Frank Collicutt who first called upon Dr. Percy Talbot, Provincial Veterinarian. The speakers topic was Parasites in Hogs and with the aid of two reels of moving pictures showed the various parasites that infest hogs, and in stressing the fact that prevention is better than cure, showed what should be done to keep parasites down to a minimum.

The next speaker was S. C. Carlyle, Provincial Livestock Commissioner, who with the aid of a number of sides of pork, was able, in a most convincing manner to illustrate what is meant by Wiltshire sides. For the benefit of those who were not there we may say that a Wiltshire side is one which being of such finish as to show a streak of fat along the back of about one and a half inches wide, will be of sufficient length, that the middle will weigh the same as the two ends, of which the ham should weigh as much as the shoulder.

From the looks of a side from an unfinished hog it is quite evident that no packer could possibly make good bacon. Another side with several bruises cut out, showed how that side, from a select hog, was unfit for export, and as Mr. Carlyle said, we certainly pay dear for these, as there is no danger of the packers taking any of this loss, and a lot of it could be avoided.

Professor Sackville of the University of Alberta, spoke on feeds and feeding, and stated that, seeing that of all the hogs in Canada last year, 32 per cent were raised in Alberta, we were certainly in the hog business, and a very exacting business it was going to be, if we are to raise the kind needed for export.

This speaker stressed the importance of feeding minerals to hogs, especially in the winter, stating that at their Oliver farm definite saving in grain was effected simply from the use of salt. He advocated a mixture of coal salt, lime and sulphur, as a means of saving feed and also shortening the time required to bring the hogs to shipping weight.

Professor Sackville was showered with questions from all sides at the close of his remarks, showing that his listeners were fully alive to the fact that these speakers should be in a position to know more than the average farmer.

President Collicutt thanked the farmers for turning out in such numbers, and called upon O. E. Jones to thank the speakers, he doing so with a few well chosen words.

Announcement

Mr. and Mrs. George Nasadyk announce the engagement of their daughter Pauline to Mr. Clayton High. The wedding will take place on March 26th.



If it's grain... Ask us!

PARRISH & HEIMBECKER LTD.

Grain Receivers, Shippers and Exporters
An old established firm with a reputation for doing business right.

Head office — Grain Exchange Bldg., Winnipeg
BRANCHES: CALGARY — EDMONTON — LETHBRIDGE

Fish

All kinds of fresh, smoked and salted Fish for the lenten season.

CHOICE BABY BEEF

Lamb and Veal.

Special—4 lbs. lean stew beef 25c
Sausage, 3 lbs. 25c

Crossfield Meat Market

LEN CHRISMAS

Massey-Harris Machinery

The New Massey-Harris

Disc Seeder is Now on Display

Call and see it. It's a dandy.

20 run Cockshutt Double Disc Drill, power lift, in A1 shape - \$90.00
28 run Van Brunt Single Disc - \$90.00

See Bargain List for Second-hand Drills.

J. M. Williams

Acetylene Welding

General Blacksmith

From Wagon to Sea-Board -
Fair and Efficient dealing is the A.P. Standard of Service.
The ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN COMPANY Ltd.
LICENSED AND BONDED WITH THE BOARD OF GRAIN COMMISSIONERS



For quality machinery don't forget the CASE line. The tractor that burns crude oil, out of 35 kinds of fuel oil it burns successfully 33.

The GRAIN DRILL with the floating axle and the lightest draft.

LAND PACKERS 4 feet to 20 feet wide. Wheatland Plows with seeder attachment.

A. W. GORDON

Dealer

Crossfield

Custom Hatching

Our Prices

In Lots under 100, per egg 3c
In Lots over 100, per egg 2 1/2c

All Breeds of Chicks For Sale as follows:

S. C. White Leghorns, from R.O.P. Flock, B.W.D. Tested, per 100 \$11.00
Barred Rocks, from Selected Flocks, per 100 \$11.00
All Other Heavy Breeds, per 100 \$12.00

15 per cent Reduction on Chick Prices after May 1st.

10 per cent Will Book Your Order, so Why Delay?

DORNUM POULTRY FARM

CARSTAIRS, ALBERTA
Box 61 Phone 109 1 Mile East of Carstairs
Breeders of R. O. P. and Registered S. C. W. Leghorns
Approved Cockerels To Sell

Midland & Pacific Grain Corporation
LIMITED
CALGARY — WINNIPEG — EDMONTON — VANCOUVER
Country Elevators at Principal Points in Alberta
Terminal Elevator at North Vancouver, B.C.
Capacity 1,600,000 Bushels
Members:
Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver Grain Exchanges
A. C. RANDALL (President) **C. W. ROENISCH** (General Manager)